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# THE MORNING STAR.

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## The Morning Star.

### OUTLINES.

A hitch has occurred in the negotiations between Venezuela and the allies, the latter insisting upon preferential treatment for their claims. —— The General Educational Board for the promotion of educational work in the United States organized yesterday in Washington, D. C.; $100,000 a year for ten years in aid of the work of the board has been subscribed by Mr. Jno. D. Rockefeller, Sr. —— The Venezuelan situation was discussed by the Senate Committee on Military Affairs and the conclusion reached was that Germany should not be allowed to bluff the United States by any attitude she might assume. —— Five survivors of the British barque Veronica picked up at sea and landed at Liverpool are charged with having murdered the captain and seven of the crew of the barque. —— Four men were killed and a number of others injured by an explosion in a packing company's plant at Fort Wayne, Ind. —— It is believed that the fatalities from the collision on the Southern Pacific road will number not less than thirty-five; the total injured number forty-seven. —— Democratic members of the House Judiciary Committee have submitted a minority report on the anti-trust bill. —— An animal trainer at Richmond, Va., was badly injured during a performance, by a tiger. —— Five deaths yesterday from the plague at Mazatlan. —— Postoffice at Bald Knob, Ark., robbed by burglars. —— A score of people were injured in a trolley car accident at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, yesterday. —— N. Y. markets: Money on call steady, lowest at 3½ per cent; cotton—quiet at 9.05c.; flour—was quiet but steadier; wheat—spot steady, No. 2 red 81½c.; corn—spot steady, No. 2 56@63c; oats—spot steady, No. 2 43c; rosin, firm; spirits turpentine firm at 64½@65.

### WEATHER REPORT

U. S. Dep't of Agriculture,
Weather Bureau,
Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 29.

Meteorological data for the twenty-four hours ending at 8 P. M.:

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 56 degrees; 8 P. M., 58 degrees; maximum, 69 degrees; minimum, 52 degrees; mean, 60 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .11.; rainfall since 1st of month to date, 3.43 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

Washington, Jan. 29.—For North Carolina: Fair Friday and Saturday; colder Friday in west and central portions and on the coast Saturday, fresh northwest to west winds.

**Port Almanac—January 30.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Sun Rises | 7.02 A. M. |
| Sun Sets | 5.25 P. M. |
| Day's Length | 10 H. 23 M. |
| High Water at Southport | 9.08 P. M. |
| High Water Wilmington | 11.33 P. M. |

What China and Japan want is some missionaries to teach them how to cook on stoves. There are no stoves in use by the natives of either country.

The Winston *Journal* has an artist who illustrates the Senatorial contest as it progresses. We do not know who he is, but he is doing some first rate picture work.

The name of the commander of Fort San Carlos is Bello. When those German ships were peppering him he felt hot and bellicose enough to fight the whole German navy.

Prince Sing says if England would pay him $2,500,000 he would feel all right. Lots of us could sing that same tune, and would consent to drop some of the ciphers without grumbling.

Petersburg, Va,. is wrought up over the case of a negro man who is rapidly turning white. The doctors call it "leuca derma." Wonder how the doctors diagnose the case of our "Rough Rider" President, who is rapidly turning black?

When the bill passed Congress putting coal on the free list for twelve months we remarked that coal and the coal barons would come down. Coal is now selling in Boston at from $2 to $3 a ton less than before the tax repeal, and it will go lower.

Some disease germs seem to have remarkable longevity when stowed away. A woman died a few days ago at Ricksville, L. I., from typhoid pneumonia, which the doctors say was contracted from handling her husband's clothes, which she had a few days before taken from a trunk in which they had been packed since his death, seven years ago.

One of the Connecticut solons has introduced a bill for the abolition of capital punishment in that State, making the penalty for murder in the first degree imprisonment for life, with the unique provision that when the condition permits the condemned shall spend one day in each week in a solitary chamber of reflection. If this provision applied to some of the solons it might do them good.

## OVERMAN WINS OUT.

### Nominated for United States Senate by the Democratic Caucus Last Night.

### ELECTION TO FOLLOW TO-DAY

**Prolonged Contest for High Honor Ended in a Love Feast—Speeches from Overman, Craig and Watson. Sixty-one Ballots to Decide.**

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 29.—Lee S. Overman, of Salisbury, will succeed Jeter C. Pritchard in the United States Senate, Overman having won out against Cyrus B. Watson, of Winston, and Locke Craig, of Asheville, in the fight before the Democratic caucus tonight. The nomination was on the sixty-first ballot, when Overman received 73, Watson 58 and Craig 11.

Before the ballot could be announced members and spectators having perceived that there was a nomination, a great yell went up from every part of the hall and galleries, Pandemonium reigned for fifteen minutes or longer. In the midst of it all, Senator Webb, who through the long fight has been recognized as manager for Craig, moved to make the nomination unanimous, and Representative Doughton, manager for Watson, seconded the motion, which was voted as one.

A delegation was sent to Overman's headquarters to bring him to the hall. It was a long time before order could be sufficiently restored so the senatorial nominee could be heard. When he could be heard, however, he launched upon one of the most impassioned and eloquent speeches ever heard in the hall. "I would," said he, "that there were words to express my grateful thankfulness for this splendid honor." He said a great fight had closed, a fight, though, between friends and Democrats. He regretted that the two great and gallant Democrats, Watson and Craig, had been defeated. Eloquent tributes to both his late competitors followed. He declared he was not unmindful of the responsibilities to devolve upon him, and he would enter the work owing no obligation to corporation or clique, but to fight for the welfare of the people and his party.

Watson and Craig were both called out. Watson expressing gratitude for the noble way in which his friends had stood by him, pledged his continual service to the party and people, and urged all to uphold the hands of their new senator, Mr. Overman. Craig spoke much along the same line; both in a happy and cordial vein, and great enthusiasm was manifested during both.

After Craig's speech, Watts, of Iredell, offered a resolution expressing appreciation for the able manner in which Chairman Geo. L. Morton had presided over the caucuses during the past three weeks that the fight had been on. Then a motion to adjourn was made by Murphy of Salisbury, and the curtain went down on the great drama which has held the attention of the State for three weeks.

The story of the last chapter of the great fight is told in the figures of the ballots cast to-night which were as follows:

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Overman | 61 | 64 | 66 | 70 | 73 |
| Watson | 64 | 60 | 64 | 59 | 58 |
| Craig | 19 | 19 | 14 | 14 | 11 |
| Total | 144 | 143 | 144 | 143 | 142 |

There was great enthusiasm over Overman's gains. Some member yelled out, "Let's vote one more time and end it, and sure enough they did, for the next ballot was: Sixty-first—Overman, 73; Watson, 58; Craig 11.

The formal election of a U. S. Senator by the Legislature will be at noon to-morrow, when the House and Senate meet in joint session to ballot.

A pleasing incident occured in Overman's rooms to-night after the caucus, when many supporters of all three candidates gathered, and Gen. W. P. Roberts, who has been one of Watson's most conspicuous supporters, made a happy speech felicitating Overman on winning out in the fight. The very best feeling prevails among candidates and supporters.

(By Associated Press.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 29.—Lee S. Overman was 49 years old on the third of this month. He is a lawyer of ability, a native of Salisbury and in 1874 graduated from Trinity College. He was private secretary to Governor Vance and has been a member of the House of R presentatives five different times, have been speaker once. In 1895 he was the Democratic candidate to succeed Vance. In 1900 he was the State Democratic presidential elector.

He is of winning personality, of commanding presence, a skilled parliamentarian of high character and of great ability.

His wife is a daughter of the late United States Senator and Chief Justice Augustus H. Merrimon.

**Improving Its Roadbed.**

Charleston *News and Courier*: "In order to make faster time between Charleston and Savannah the Atlantic Coast Line has greatly improved the roadbed on that division since buying the property from the Plant system, and a decided change is noted in the passenger schedules. The Atlantic Coast Line found that it would have to provide better facilities for its fast tourist trains south of Charleston. The road between here and Florence is considered lightning fast, as many record-breaking runs have been made on that stretch."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. B. Cooper—Seed potatoes.
Wilmington Grocery Co.—Butter.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

For Rent—Drug store.
Consolidated Railways, Light and Power Co.—Gas heaters.

— Steamer *Stug*, Huelva for Wilmington, arrived at St. Mitchaels yesterday for coal.

**For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.**
For sale by J. C. Shepard.

## THE HUTAFF DAMAGE SUIT.

**An Entire Week Will Likely Be Consumed in Its Trial—Proceedings in the Case Yesterday.**

Unless more rapid progress is made in the examination of witnesses—a condition earnestly striven for by Judge Peebles—the Hutaff damage suit in the Superior Court will likely require the entire week for its completion. Not before in a long time has a case been heard in the New Hanover court that has been so pregnant with legal complications and knotty problems of law. Objections are frequent and exceptions are just as common. The case is being bitterly fought. Every inch of ground is being disputed by the lawyers. It is taking the "calm, judicial mind" that Judge Peebles possesses, to preside over the case with satisfaction. In any event the case will go to the Supreme Court and each link in the chain of evidence is being watched with an eye to the final adjudication of the issues there.

Yesterday was consumed in the hearing of witnesses for the defendant Sewerage Company. Capt. Donald MacRae and Mr. Hugh MacRae testified as to the transfers of the property upon which occurred the accident that gave birth to the suit. City Surveyor Lewis B. Hatch testified as to street lines and surveys made in that vicinity. Dr. T. S. Burbank testified to having made an examination of the plaintiff's injuries for the defendant by permission of the court. He regarded the injuries permanent, but did not undertake to say how or when they were received. Messrs. W. D. Paddock and W. T. Gamble, employes of the defendant and Wm. McLean & Co., testified as to the excavations.

In the afternoon Col. Jno. D. Taylor, Clerk of the Superior Court, and Mr. John McLaurin, Deputy Register of Deeds, testified as to deeds for the property in question and as to the absence of any record of condemnation proceedings making Wood street a public thoroughfare. Capt. A. L. DeRosset testified as to having made an examination of the excavation into which the plaintiff fell and to the geological formation of the earth in that vicinity. Mr. Wm. McLean was introduced to prove that the excavations were made for the Sanitary Sewerage Company, of Philadelphia, but the most of his evidence was objected to and the objections were sustained. The contract under which he worked; the plans, specifications, etc, were offered as documentary evidence. Maj. Chauncey Iver, chief engineer of the Wilmington Sewerage Company, was the last witnesses before a recess was taken at 5:30 P. M. until 10 o'clock this morning. Much of his testimony was objected to and exceptions were taken when the objections were sustained. Mr. E. H. Freeman was called as a witness yesterday afternoon but the hearing of his testimony was continued until this morning.

The following talesmen were ordered summoned for to-day: Alfred Carpenter, J. E. Thompson, R. S. Carter, H. M. Bishop, Chas. Blomme, Marcus W. Jacobi, James C. Stewart, W. D. Rhodes, M. Frederick, Harry S. McGirt, H. B. Bessent, Stephen Chadbourn, Geo. B. King, Frank Herbst, J. W. Carmichael, Leon George, Jno. W. Monroe, Henry Smith, G. W. Futch and J. F. Jarman.

## LOCAL DOTS.

— British steamer *Mountby*, hence for Bremen, arrived at Fayal Wednesday and proceeded.

— The annual meeting of the Covenanters, announced for to-night at Immanuel Presbyterian church, has been postponed.

— If you should go to Columbia, S. C., on a cold day don't be fool enough to put your hands in your overcoat pockets.

— A thoroughly competent compositor accustomed to newspaper work may secure employment by applying at the Star office.

— The U. S. Revenue Cutter *Tuscarora* arrived in port yesterday after a cruise along the coast as far south as Charleston, S. C.

— A good drug store with complete set of drug fixtures is offered for rent or sale cheap at northwest corner of Fifth and Castle streets.

— A boy who has had some experience in feeding job presses may secure a situation by making immediate application at the Star office.

— There was no Mayor's court yesterday, both the mayor and mayor pro tem. having been absent at the hour appointed for court. There were no cases, however, demanding immediate trial.

**U. S. Court Next Week.**

An adjourned term of the U. S. District Court will be held at Wilmington next week for the trial of a number of important postoffice cases that had to be postponed from the regular term on account of the sickness in Raleigh of Inspector F. N. Davis, the government's principal witness. Petit jurors who were not excused at the last term are required to be in attendance.

**Y. M. C. A. Dinner.**

To-night, beginning at 8:30 o'clock, the Board of Directors of the Y. M. C. A. will give a complimentary dinner to the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Association. The affair promises to be a charming one which will be attended by many guests.

## IMPORTANT LUMBER DEAL.

**Official Announcement of Reorganization of Angola Lumber Co.—Not Connected With Tunis Concern.**

Official announcement was made yesterday of an important lumber mill and timber deal consummated in Norfolk, Va., last week. The first step in the transactions was a reorganization of the Angola Lumber Co., of this city, and an increase in its capital stock from $40,000 to $100,000, fully paid in.

The following officers were elected: Messrs. John Harker, of Wiley, Harker & Co., New York, president; Maurice W. Wiley, of Charles T. Stran Co., Baltimore, vice president; Charles T. Stran, of Charles T. Stran Co., Baltimore, secretary; S. M. Lloyd, of Norfolk, Va., treasurer; W. T. Sears, of Wilmington, N. C., general manager.

The above, with Caldwell Hardy, president of the Norfolk National Bank, Norfolk, and Mr. E. M. Wiley, of Wiley, Harker & Co., of New York, constitute the board of directors.

On the following day the Carolina Timber Company was organized at Moyock, Currituck county, N. C., with its head office at Wilmington, N. C. The capital stock is $100,000 fully paid in. This company has acquired large and valuable timber rights in North Carolina and will deal exclusively in round logs.

The following officers were elected: John Harker, of Wiley, Harker & Co., New York, president; E. M. Wiley, of Wiley, Harker & Co., New York, vice president. Caldwell Hardy, president Norfolk National Bank, Norfolk, Va., treasurer; John T. Reid, of Norfolk, secretary. The above, with S. M. Lloyd, of Norfolk, and W. T. Sears, of Wilmington, constitute the Board of Directors, Mr. Sears being managing director for North Carolina. The Carolina Timber Company will deal in timber only and will be a feeder for the Angola mill in this city.

The Star is authorized to correct a statement in a Virginia paper that the Tunis Lumber Company is connected in any way whatever with the above corporations.

## PILOTAGE MATTER IN SOUTHPORT.

**Chamber of Commerce of Neighboring Town Takes an Opposite View.**

The Southport *Standard* of yesterday contains an account of a special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce of that city, held Tuesday afternoon, at which strong resolutions were adopted against any change whatever in the present pilotage laws in effect at this port. President M. C. Guthrie presided and a goodly number of members were reported present. E. D. Guthrie, Esq., presented the resolution which was adopted. In its preamble it is stated that "Through the imported influence of commercial greed and avarice, the question of the pilotage system is again being agitated and believing that a strenuous effort will be made by the few, whose motives emulate from self and selfish interests alone, to have the Legislature abolish our present system of pilotage; and whereas the ability of the service will speak for the wisdom of the pilotage system as regulated by the laws of our State, it being a potent factor in building and maintaining the commercial interest of not only the City of Wilmington but of the entire State," that their representatives in the Legislature be called upon to use their united efforts and influence to prevent any legislation whatever that will interfere with the present pilotage system of the State. A copy of the resolution was ordered sent to Senator Bellamy and Representative Phillips and M. C. Guthrie, Esq., was appointed to go to Raleigh at the proper time and fight any change.

## THE ELKS' MINSTRELS TO-NIGHT.

**Magnificent Production of Local and Imported Talent—Seat Sale.**

The sale of seats for the Elks' Minstrels at the Academy to-night goes merrily on and a "rousing" house is assured. The big street parade takes place at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon so that the ladies and children may have ample time to see it. The costumes of the paraders, the bands of music, the equestrian feature and numerous others will be sufficient to draw the crowd.

The programme for the night show is as good as the best—not better than the best—that would be claiming too much. The funny end songs, the sweet ballads and the jovial jesters will all be there to drive dull care away. The best olio ever given in the city! It will include Zannette, the magician, or master of the black art; Pericno, King of the Air, in a death-defying, aerial stunt; Henry Angel, in "coon" impersonations, and "Cowan," in feats of juggling extraordinary. In short, two hours of merriment for the small sums of 25, 50 and 75 cents. Pass up and get your seats at Plummer's; the band wagon doesn't wait. And be sure and don't miss the parade. It's as free as the air you breathe and as fine as the finest.

**Naval Store Quotations.**

There was no advance in the local spirits of turpentine market yesterday the quotation remaining firm at 61 cents. Savannah bid half a cent higher with no sales. On the Wilmington market, however, there were advances to $1.70@$1.75 per barrel for rosin and $3.25@$3.75 per barrel for crude. The quotations of all naval stores are now higher than they have been since the abnormal conditions just after the civil war.

## TO THE LEGISLATURE

### Compulsory Pilotage Agitation Will Be Transferred There Probably Next Week.

### THE BOARD OF NAVIGATION.

**It Refused to Concur in Chamber of Commerce's Demands for Amendments in the Law and Submitted a Compromise Measure.**

It has been stated and is here repeated that there has been and will likely be no agreement upon the compulsory pilotage problem. It is conceded from daily developments, those of yesterday included, that the final settlement of the matter will come after a warm fight in the Legislature, which will probably be precipitated next week, the Chamber of Commerce advocating radical changes in the present law as outlined in the statement of its position published a few days ago, the Commissioners of Navigation and Pilotage championing a compromise measure, and the Pilots' Association contending for no changes in the law whatever. The outcome will be watched with great interest.

An informal meeting of the committee from the Board of Navigation was held yesterday afternoon, at the office of Mr. George Harriss, with the Chamber of Commerce Committee at which the position of the Board of Navigation in reference to the pilotage agitation, as agreed upon at Wednesday afternoon's meeting, was set forth in the following:

At a meeting of the Commissioners of Navigation and Pilotage, held in the afternoon on Wednesday, the 28th of January, 1903, the undersigned were appointed a committee to report to the committee from the Chamber of Commerce the action taken at the meeting with reference to the proposals or suggestions from the Chamber of Commerce for the passage of a bill in the North Carolina General Assembly for a modification of the pilotage laws now in force.

With reference to the first proposal—For a complete and absolute abolishment of compulsory pilotage above the anchorage of the town of Southport, we believe it to be detrimental to commerce and a hardship to the pilots, who now number 41 men, and who under the law are compelled to be ready to serve at any moment, when required. We believe that the fees collected for bar pilotage alone would be insufficient to maintain this number of men. We believe, however, that the pilots should be required to use due diligence by keeping a constant lookout for vessels at some distance outside of the bar, and, to stimulate such activity, we recommend the abolishment of compulsory pilotage both inward and outward on vessels of all classes which shall have passed the outward buoy Number 1, inward bound, before the services of a pilot is tendered.

Second. We would recommend the granting of yearly licenses to all coastwise vessels under a U. S. license, upon payment of inward pilotage, and upon a further payment of 25 cents per registered ton, which payment shall exempt such vessels from the employment of a pilot for twelve months. Under this arrangement a vessel of 500 tons, trading coastwise, of 14½ feet draft, may trade for one year at either of the three following named ports, upon the payment of the following pilotage fees for a year:

| | |
|---|---|
| Norfolk | $108.00 |
| Wilmington | $188.00 |
| Savannah | $193.38 |

It is believed that the Virginia Capes afford harbor for points on the Rappahannock and James rivers, and that consequently the large number of vessels paying a port license of 10 cents per ton coastwise, is about equal to the entire pilotage collected at Wilmington both coastwise and foreign.

Respectfully,
George Harriss,
J. W. Craig,
James Sprunt,
Committee.

Present at the meeting yesterday were Messrs. George Harriss, James Sprunt, C. W. Worth and J. W. Craig, Commissioners of Navigation, and Messrs. R. A. Parsley, B. G. Worth, H. W. Malloy and James Kyle, representing the Chamber of Commerce. The position of the Board of Navigation as set forth above is known to be not satisfactory to the Chamber of Commerce Committee, which does not recede from its former demands. It is not known whether the Board of Navigation's disposal of the matter is satisfactory to the pilots, or not. At any rate, all sides will have a hearing before the Legislature.

The above report by the Board of Navigation was adopted Wednesday by a vote of 5 to 2, Messrs. C. W. Worth and Samuel Northrop favoring the Chamber of Commerce proposition.

The Chamber of Commerce Committee yesterday formulated the following supplement to its original report, covering new matter brought out in the minority report, signed by Messrs. J. J. Adkins and J. W. Craig:

The minority report of this committee questions the correctness of the majority report, in that the figures for Norfolk and Savannah are computed on a license basis, while Wilmington is figured on a single trip basis. We re-affirm the correctness of the comparison made in this way upon the ground that it is impossible, practically, for a vessel to obtain a pilotage license at Wilmington. It was thought when the clause was embodied in the laws that it would be effective, but the pilots have effectually blocked this feature of the law at Wilmington. For example, we quote the experience of Captain Robinson, of the schooner *Ida C. Schoolcraft*. Captain Robinson, having about completed his arrangements for charter to Wilmington for a year, obtained from the tow boat company (which controls all the pilots) the rates at which it would do his towing. He then signified to the pilots (who own the tow boats) his intention of taking out license and was promptly met with "Oh! that's different, if you take out a license, we can't tow you at those figures." The schooner *Jno. R. Fell* is now chartered for three trips to Wilmington and the *C. C. Lister* for four trips, yet neither of these vessels have license; only one vessel ever took license at this port and she never came back here again; so that's the way the thing now works. It is just like two well buckets that hang on the same chain; when one goes down, the other goes up. It must be clear to every one that vessels would take license at Wilmington if they could. Certainly a vessel would not pay these pilots $702 if she could get out with a payment of $342.

Wilmington cannot sit still and let these fifteen controlling pilots and the tug boat company (which are one and the same) hold up every vessel that comes over the bar and force her to pay such charges as they demand.

These cases and others that could be cited furnish sufficient evidence of the fact that the license law at Wilmington is inoperative.

### PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mrs. Bailey Farmer returned to Fayetteville yesterday.

— Mr. A. J. Todd was in the city yesterday on a business visit.

— Mr. W. F. Alexander went up to Goldsboro yesterday on a business trip.

— Mrs. Walter Rutland left yesterday to join Mr. Rutland, in Augusta, Ga.

— Mrs. E. Maury Frye is the guest of her sister, Mrs. R. D. Wescott, of Goldsboro.

— Mr. W. B. Cooper is in Raleigh in the interest of the anti-liquor legislation.

— Mrs. Virginia Flanagan, of Stamford, Conn., is the guest of her niece, Mrs. J. J. Hopkins.

— Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Ricks, of Greenville, N. C., returned home yesterday after a visit to relatives in the city.

— Miss Sudie Leonard has returned to her home at Kelley's Cove, after a visit to the family of Mr. R. M. Wescott.

— Henry L. Stevens, Esq., of Warsaw, arrived yesterday to argue a motion before Judge Peebles in a civil matter from Duplin.

— Misses Jennie and Penelope Myers, of Washington, N. C., returned yesterday after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. W. D. McMillan, Jr.

— Mr. Geo. Honnett has returned from a professional visit of several days to Goldsboro, N. C. The papers of that city speak in the highest terms of Mr. Honnett and expressed a hope that he will visit Goldsboro frequently on professional business.

## TO CONSIDER DICK MILITARY BILL.

**Officers of State Guard Called to Meet in Raleigh Wednesday Week.**

Adjutant General B. S. Royster, of the North Carolina State Guard, has sent out to officers and commanders of companies, the following circular regarding the Dick bill, which was recently passed by Congress:

*Circular No. 1:*

The enactment by Congress of the military measure known as "The Dick Bill" will render necessary some changes in the law and regulations governing the State Guard, and to the end that there may be concert of action and due consideration of such changes, the officers of the Guard, Staff, Field and Line are requested to assemble in the city of Raleigh on Wednesday, Feb. 11th, 1903, at 11 A. M., for the purpose of formulating these changes. No uniform will be worn. Reduced rates on all railroads will be applied for. Respectfully,

B. S. Royster,
Adjuant General.

**Birthday Party at Warsaw.**

Henry L. Stevens, Jr., the bright little son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry L. Stevens, of Warsaw, celebrated his seventh birthday at the hospitable home of his parents on Tuesday afternoon from 2 to 6 o'clock in the afternoon. Forty-six guests were received and the reception hall and dining room of the home were charmingly decorated with palms, ferns, white hyacinths and evergreens. A sumptuous dinner was served at 5 P. M., and the numerous guests went away wishing Master Stevens many more birthdays, ushered in and out under such pleasant circumstances.

**February Weather.**

The following data, for the month of February, covering a period of thirty-two years, have been compiled from the Weather Bureau records at Wilmington, N. C., viz:

The mean or normal temperature, 49 deg. The warmest month was that of 1890, with an average of 58 deg. The coldest month was that of 1895, with an average of 37 deg. The highest temperature was 80 deg. on the 27th, 1890; the lowest temperature was 5 deg. on the 14th, 1897. Average date on which first "killing" frost occurred in autumn, November 8th; average date on which last "killing" frost occurred in spring, March 30th.

**Suspected Case of Smallpox.**

The Health Department has under surveillance at Twelfth and Orange streets a case that very much resembles smallpox. The wife of William Jordan, a well known colored carpenter, is the patient and the case was discovered by Dr. T. R. Mask in the usual rounds of his practice. Dr. C. T. Harper has established a quarantine at the residence, more as a precautionary measure than the fact that he believes the case is real smallpox.

**Bishop Watson Much Improved.**

The numerous friends of Bishop Watson will be pleased to know that he is getting better. He is steadily improving and has twice been out driving with friends since his recent attack.

## LEGISLATURE YESTERDAY.

**Anti-Saloon Movement Before Committee. Mr. Cooper, of New Hanover, Made a Statement—Proceedings.**

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 29.—Almost all of to-day's session of the Senate was devoted to an extensive and at times an animated discussi on of a bill to provide for an election on the question of a dispensary at Tarboro. The fight against the bill was led by Senator London and it was championed by Gilliam, of Edgecombe, and Woodard, of Wilson. It finally passed by a good majority and was sent to the House without engrossment. The election will be held 20 days after ratification of the act.

A number of bills were ratified in the Senate, among them one to cross-index executors and guardians in county register of deeds' offices. To prohibit the manufacture and sale of liquor in Scotland county and to prevent its being shipped into the county. To incorporate the Bank of Selma. To repeal the stock law in Federal Point Township, New Hanover county.

The only bill introduced in the Senate of interest was by Mitchell, to regulate the sale, branding and inspection of cotton seed meal.

Notable bills introduced in the House were:

By Stanly, to appoint court stenographers.

Crocker, to establish a dispensary at Wilsop.

Willis, to prevent obstruction of waterways in Brunswick county.

Among the bills passed were:

To incorporate the Winston Stewart Turnpike and Railroad Co. A clause providing for State convicts to be worked, in exchange for stock, was stricken out.

To change the charter of Mt. Olive.

To incorporate Carnegie's Library, Charlotte.

To incorporate Abbottsburg, Bladen county.

To amend the charter of Bellehaven.

The joint session of the House and Senate to go through the daily formality of a ballot for United States Senator was held at noon. The usual distribution of complimentary votes by Democratic members resulted.

The trustees of the University of North Carolina met to-day and received an important supplementary report from President Venable, in which he recommended the establishment of a dental school in connection with the University. He urges $35,000 appropriation for a laboratory building, saying 367 students are now being instructed in a laboratory designed for 150 students.

In conclusion the report says: "Unless relief comes from some source, further curtailment of expenses will be necessary. This means a step backward on the part of the University, which will be most unfortunate to the University and the young men of the State."

The report will be transmitted to the Legislature with a request that ample appropriation be made.

**The Anti-Saloon Movement.**

The Joint Committee on Propositions and Grievances gave another three hours hearing to the discussion of pending bills to restrict the whiskey traffic in North Carolina this afternoon. Fourteen speeches were made, the meeting being quite lively. Among the advocates of the London bill were H. H. McLendon, of Wadesboro; Rev. H. K. Boyer, of Statesville; R. N. Simms, of Raleigh; H. A. Page, of Aberdeen and W. B. Cooper, of Wilmington. Mr. Cooper said a majority of the better class of citizens favor the London bill. Morton asked if he would say a majority of the qualified voters favor prohibition. Mr. Cooper replied "No, but a majority of the best people do." Among the opponents of the bills were C. W. Tillett, of Charlotte; Mr. Mewborne, of Wilson; D. M. Reece and Cameron Morrison. The committee will meet tomorrow to decide on a favorable or unfavorable report on the bills. The hearing is closed.

**RICE STRAW GROWING IN DEMAND.**

**Savannah Rice Mill Turned Town Order for 400 Tons at $9.75.**

[*Savannah News, 29th.*]

Rice straw is acquiring a market value. Like the cotton seed, that part of a staple Southern product is no longer thrown away but is baled and sold to advantage. A few years ago rice planters would not take the trouble to bale the straw or bring it to market. Four dollars per ton was then its market price. It is worth $7 now and there is a demand for all that can be supplied. The Savannah Rice Mill received an order yesterday from Philadelphia for 400 tons, at $9.75, freight prepaid, but the order could not be filled.

Rice straw is used for a good many purposes. It is used by fruit packers to a great extent, and a fine quality of paper is made of it. It is used principally for horse bedding, but it is now growing in favor as stock and cattle food in the North.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**Printer Wanted.**

Wanted, one first class compositor who has had experience on a daily morning paper. Must have good recommendations as to habits and qualifications. Address
THE MORNING STAR,
jan 17 tf Wilmington, N. C.

**NOTICE.**

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the next General Assembly for the passage of an Act granting a charter to the Elizabeth City and Carolina Through Line Railroad Co., (or other name suggested at time of making application) to build a railroad from Wilmington, N. C., to Elizabeth City, N. C.
January 1st, 1903.
jan 2 1m ROBERT G. GRADY.

**SEED POTATOES**

225 Bags E. R. Potatoes.
189 Bags Ohio Potatoes.
150 Bags Bliss (en route).
218 Barrels Mullets.
220 Gross Globe Matches.
190 Gross Coast Matches.
240 Gross Atlantic Matches.
160 Gross Little Star Matches.
1 Gross Matches, free with 10.

**W. B. COOPER,**
Wholesale Grocer,
jan 18 tf Wilmington, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**A GAS HEATING STOVE**

Is just what you need for the bath-room or bed-room.

We are selling Gas Heaters and Radiators at

**Reduced Prices.**

GAS, ELECTRIC AND Combination Fixtures Installed at Cost.

**Consolidated Railways, Light & Power Co.**
Jan 29 3t

**CASH PAID FOR Beeswax**

If you have some to sell ship it to us and will allow you

**27 1-2c Per Lb.,**

F. O. B. Wilmington.

**Williamsville Mfg Co.,**
Williamsville, Mass.
sep 21 3m su we fr

**Wanted Raw Furs.**

20,000 O'POSSUMS.
10,000 COONS.
5,000 SKUNKS.
3,000 FOX.
2,000 MINKS.
1,000 OTTERS.

Highest cash prices paid and quotations furnished by applying to

**SAM'L BEAR, SR., & SONS,**
Wilmington, N. C.,
decl4 tf 18 Market street.

**FINE BUTTER.**

We are now receiving the Celebrated

**BOSCOBEL PRINT BUTTER,**

in one pound blocks.

This, we believe to be the finest Butter for sale in Wilmington.

Those desiring something really nice will please give us a call and examine.

**WILMINGTON GROCERY CO.,**
jan 17 tf No. 15 South Front street.

**BEING**

Endowed with two eyes I have endeavored (and shall continue) to keep one on you and the other on the business.

Knowing, as I do, what is necessary to make that house of yours comfortable, I have selected my stock accordingly.

**GASTON D. PHARES & CO.,**
The Furniture Man.
110-112 Market St. Inter-State 76.
jan 20 tf

**FISH PRIVILEGES.**

The Shad Benches will be rented at Front Street Market upon the cash premium plan

**Friday, January 30, at 12 M.**

M. G. TIENCKEN,
Chairman Market Committee.
jan 28 3t

**We have on hand a fresh shipment of**

**WILEY'S CANDIES,**

THE BEST MADE.

**HARDIN'S**
Palace Pharmacy,
126 South Front Street.
jan 1 tf Call both 'Phones 55.

**Lands Posted.**

The privilege of hunting on my lands near Wilmington having been leased, all persons are hereby warned against shooting, hunting, ranging o otherwise trespassing on said lands.
no W NOBLE.

The Morning Star.

WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 30.

### BEARING FRUIT.

The coquetting that Roosevelt, under the tutelage of delegate corraller Jim Clarkson and his collaborator Postmaster General Payne, has been doing with the negroes is beginning to bear fruit. It has encouraged them to become assertive and aggressive to the extent of demanding office with threats of vengeance on the party and on Roosevelt if they don't receive the recognition the leaders think they are entitled to, encouraged them to such an extent that Roosevelt had to call some of their leaders into conference and seek their aid in checking the rush for office. He succeeded in securing their co-operation and the issuing of an address which concluded with commending him to "the affection and confidence of the race, regardless of party affiliations."

That was at a meeting of the Afro-American Council in Washington on which occasion there were some oratorical performances, which were evidently not inspired by Roosevelt, Clarkson or Payne, although virtually encouraged by them. One of these speeches was delivered by J. H. Hayes, negro lawyer, of Richmond, associate counsel with John S. Wise, in an effort to annul the new constitution of Virginia, which prescribes qualified suffrage and thus disfranchises the bulk of the negro voters of the State. The substance of this speech is thus reported by wire:

"There is nothing in Virginia for the negro but degradation, unless the negroes make a firm stand, contend for their rights, and, if necessary, die for them. I am not an anarchist, and I don't mean to go out and kill anybody, but to let somebody else kill you." This veiled sally provoked loud applause and laughter. "In Virginia you are 'Jim Crows.' You opened the meeting to-night by singing 'My Country, 'Tis of Thee,' but I wonder how negroes can sing that song. For myself, I am a man without a country.

"The time has come when the negro must fight, not theoretically, not intellectually; but fight with his hands. The disfranchisement of the children of Israel in Egypt has been followed later by the disfranchisement in the South."

He then spoke about Moses being called to lead the Israelites from their bondage, and drew attention to the fact that slavery for 400 years had made them cowards, so that they were obliged to turn back, drawing a parallel to the case of the negro in America.

"A second time the children of God arose. This time they had the leadership of Joshua, and when they went forth from the land of their bondage, they did not go meekly, but carried the sword in one hand and the torch in the other. In this country a second generation has grown up in the forty years since the war. The Atlanta *Constitution* has threatened us with the Ku-Klux if the growth of Federal appointments in the South continues. I make the prediction that when the Southern people start to Ku kluxing this time, they will not have as the objects of their oppression, the same timid people they Ku-kluxed in the '60s.

"Negroes are leaving the State of Virginia because of the treatment they are receiving. What we want to do is to start something and keep it up until the white people stop something. We don't intend to be oppressed any longer. We don't intend to be crushed. I am afraid we are anarchistic, that we are anarchists, and I give the warning that if this oppression in the South continues the negro must resort to the sword and torch, and that the Southland will become a land of blood and desolation.

"I want to make the assertion right here that we are not going to be disfranchised in Virginia. It is written in the heavens and engraved upon the stars that the Virginia negro does not intend to submit to disfranchisement. We are told, 'Let the negro obtain education and wealth if he would gain the political equality which he desires.' I say that never was a bigger lie uttered. The more the negro advances the more will political rights be denied him. It is not the common negro in the South who is cut off the registration lists. It is not the ditch digger. It is the educated negro, the doctor, the lawyer and preacher who are deprived unlawfully of political rights and manhood by the iniquitous constitution of Virginia, which cost half a million dollars to frame. And I want to say that by the time we get through punching holes in the constitution it will cost the State of Virginia half a million more.

"It is claimed that the negro industrial schools are the proper lines of effort for the race. Talk about education and wealth, and say that they make votes for the negro. It's a lie. No, they are destroying votes. Every negro who puts on a clean collar and tries to be a man is destroying a vote. I believe God will take care of us. And just one word about the absorption of races, no two people, having the same religion and speaking the same tongue, living together, have ever been kept apart. This is well known, and it is one of the reasons why the dominant race is crushing out the strength of the negro in the South."

Neither President Roosevelt, Jim Clarkson nor H. C. Payne would endorse the wild utterances of this incendiary speaker, but they are the natural result of the new departure of this trinity of wire manipulators. They have been playing the negroes, the negroes took them to be in earnest and now some of them are showing a disposition to do some playing themselves. We have read a great many speeches delivered in the past by negro leaders, North and South, but for unbridled rabidness and deviltry this one caps the climax, for it must be remembered that he was talking to an audience composed of excitable, easily led people, nine-tenths of whom let others do their thinking and talking. As an illustration of the unthinking character of the mass of the people he was addressing, the utterances that were the most applauded were the most defiant and atrocious, those that not only hinted at but counselled bloodshed and the torch, and gave the white man warning that when the day of blood and the torch came he would find the negro no cowering craven, but a determined avenger of his wrongs.

Unconsciously, perhaps, he with such a speech was furnishing not only one of the most powerful arguments for negro disfranchisement, but also for depriving the negro of schooling, one of the things he deplores in his incendiary harangue, for in his conclusion he boldly declared that it was impossible to keep apart two races dwelling together, having the same religion and speaking the same language, which means that aspiring negroes like Hayes will never be content until they stand upon the same plane with the white people, civilly, politically and socially, misacegenation as the achievement of the agitation against the color line in politics, which is as far as they now deem it prudent to go.

In this speech he not only exaggerated wildly, but he lied as to the condition of the negroes in the Southern States, who have really better opportunities for material betterment than negroes have in the North, and where over 500,000 of them own and operate farms worth in the aggregate more than $200,000,000. Fortunately for the negroes of the country the leaders of the Hayes stripe are few, but unfortunately for them and for the country these few receive aid and encouragement from the political plotting of the men who have charge of Theodore Roosevelt's candidacy for the nomination for the Presidency next year.

### A REFORMATORY FOR YOUTHFUL CRIMINALS.

The reports from Raleigh say that the joint committee of the House and Senate before which is pending the bill for the establishment of a reformatory for youthful criminals will be favorably reported. But whether it will pass the Legislature is another question.

For many years there has been a growing popular demand for the establishment of such an institution, a demand which has been earnestly and strongly supported by many of the State papers; it has had behind it the best sentiment of the State and the earnest appeals of good women, and yet for some reason the Legislatures have failed to respond and youthful criminals are still sent to jails or to the penitentiary to consort with the old and hardened criminals, when they might as well be sent to hell at once.

The need of and the benefit such an institution would be is generally admitted, and the only reason we have heard assigned for not establishing it is the cost, an argument which would be as good against the establishment of a penitentiary, a hospital, an insane asylum, or water works and a fire department in our cities. Of course it would cost something, everything the State or a community does costs something, but it might be pertinently asked if the want of such an institution does not cost the State more than its support would.

If the object of punishment for crime be to reform the criminal, if possible, as well as to deter others from crime, wouldn't it be better and cheaper to do the work of reforming before the criminal became a graduate in vice, and thoroughly wedded to it? There are many of these youths convicted and sentenced for their first offence, committed in folly or under the leadership of older criminals, and yet while there is hope of saving they are doomed to association with hardened convicts and to feel that the world is against them; that they are outcasts and that therefore theirs must be the fellowship of criminals. Deserted, turned over to the companionship of the vile, it is natural that they should feel that way.

This is all wrong, it is cruel and heartless and even the dollar argument does not give it respectability. Thirty-five States in the Union have said so, for they all have such reformatories, and so should North Carolina.

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One of the speakers at the recent meeting of the American Live Stock Association in Kansas City said there are now about 400,000 Angora goats in this country. The product of hair last year was about 1,000,000 pounds, only one-fifth of the amount our mills consume, so that there is no immediate danger of overdoing the mohair business.

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That fellow Doblin, who confessed that he lied in his testimony before the House Committee on Naval Affairs in the alleged bribery case, of Congressman Lessler, member of the Committee, said he didn't know it was against the law to swear to a lie before a House Committee. The proper place for a fellow ike that is in a penitentiary.

**For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT**

For sale by J. C. Shepard.

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS.

### ANOTHER DRAIN.

The following paragraph is clipped from the Tarboro *Southerner*:

Dealers in horses and mules say that the sales this season have been larger than in eight or ten years. The territory supplied is much larger also than in many years. It is not an unusual sight to see farmers from other counties here for the purpose of purchasing mules or horses, though generally the former.

Horses and mules are necessary parts of farm equipment. The farmer must have them. If he does not raise them he must buy them, and if they are not raised in his section he must buy them from some one whose business it is to supply the demand by bringing them in from other sections.

Since the price has gone up it takes the profit on a pretty large crop of cotton to pay for a pair of mules or horses, and we can't see any good reason why the farmer should, year after year, as is the case in North Carolina, be putting the profits of a crop in mules that he can raise just as well as the farmers in the States they are brought from.

The farmer who raises them makes money when he sells them to the trader, the trader makes money when he sells them to the North Carolina farmer and the North Carolina farmer pays the profit that each makes when he could save it by raising his own stock, be independent and not only have work animals enough for his own requirements but some to sell to his less level-headed neighbors who pay their money for stock imported from other States.

The farmers of this State could if they would raise not only all the horses and mules they need but some to sell, and it would be big wads of money in their pockets.

## SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Mr. Wm. Maxwell, a prominent farmer of this county, died at his home near Stedman Sunday afternoon of pneumonia.

— Greensboro *Record*: Chairman P. H. Hanes, of the Forsyth board of county commissioners, has contracted with the management of the State penitentiary for sixty convicts to be sent to Forsyth at an early date to work on the public roads of that county.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: In the Superior Court last Thursday Mrs. Pennie Pate was given a $300 verdict against Mr. James L. Dickinson for selling liquor to her husband, Barna Pate, on the ground that he is a habitual drunkard. A like action brought against A. B. Raiford & Co., before another jury, gave the woman $187.50 damages. In both cases the defendants failed to appear, each claiming that no summons was served on them.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: The marriage of Mr. A. H. Humphrey, of this city, aged 82 years, to Mrs. Sarah Jane Caldwell, of Sampson county, aged 45 years, was solemnized at the home of the groom here Wednesday afternoon, Rev. C. A. Jenkins, pastor of the Goldsboro Baptist church, officiating. The bride came up on the noon train Wednesday from Sampson and was met at the depot by the smiling groom and driven to his home, where they awaited the arrival of the minister and the hour of the ceremony.

— Winston *Journal*: Three men held up the Winston-Mooresville freight, due to leave here about 10 o'clock at night, on Monday night about three miles this side of Mocksville. Three torpedoes were placed on the track and the engineer promptly stopped the train. Three men climbed on a freight car and the train pulled out. Just on the other side of Mocksville more torpedoes were placed on the track, but the engineer seeing a man on the track opened the throttle and ran past. The men left the train at Barber's Junction and started through an open field. It is thought that they were the Mocksville bank robbers.

— Tarboro *Southerner*: On a basis of 21,000 bales of cotton raised in this county last year the value of the cotton seed is no insignificant item. After allowing 80,000 bushels for seed there would remain to be sold, or exchanged for meal or hulls, about 550,000 bushels, which at the present prices are worth $165,000 or more. This is what these seed were worth to the farmers. If the oil were extracted from all it would be worth $100,000 and the meal as much more. These figures are of course approximate, but they show that the cotton seed and their products are worth to this county over $200,000. Were this oil manufactured into lard and other products before leaving the county the value thereof would be greatly increased. The residuum from refining would make the soap of commerce.

— Winston *Sentinel*: Residents in the neighborhood of St. Paul's Episcopal church were awakened early Tuesday morning by the report of a pistol. Investigation revealed the fact that a young lady employee of the Shamrock Knitting Mill had shot a negro, who had accosted her. On several occasions she had noticed the negro at the point and being suspicious of him, she notified the officers. They were on the scene several mornings, but the negro did not appear. The young woman had armed herself, however, and this morning the negro walked up to her and caught her by the arm. She fired several shots at the negro, who began running when he saw she was armed. It is not known whether any shots took effect. It is hoped the negro will be captured. Miss Lettie Greer is the name of the name of the young lady who so pluckily defended herself.

**Domestic Troubles.**

It is exceptional to find a family where there are no domestic ruptures occasionally, but these can be lessened by having Dr. King's New Life Pills around. Much trouble they save by their great work in Stomach and Liver troubles. They not only relieve you, but cure. Only 25c, at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

**For over Sixty Years**

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

## REAL ENJOYMENT.

The woman who reads this will understand to the full what Mrs. Tipton meant when she says: "I am enjoying good health." It takes a person who has been made wretched by sickness to understand the joy of health.

There are very many women who suffer as did Mrs. Tipton, who might be cured as she was by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes regularity, dries the drains which weaken women, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. It makes weak women strong, sick women well.

"It is with pleasure I recommend Dr. Pierce's medicine," writes Mrs. Nora Tipton, of Cropper (Cropper Station), Shelby Co., Kentucky. "You remember my case was one of female weakness and weak lungs. I had no appetite and would often spit blood; was confined to my bed almost half of the time and could hardly stand on my feet at times for the pains through my whole body and system. My husband had to pay large doctor bills for me, but since I have taken four bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, four of 'Favorite Prescription' and three vials of 'Pleasant Pellets' we haven't paid any more doctor bills. It had been seven months since I stopped using Dr. Pierce's medicines and I have been enjoying good health all the time. I can never praise these medicines too highly, for I have received so much benefit. I pray that many who suffer as I did will take Dr. Pierce's medicines. I am sure they will never fail to cure when given a fair trial. Everybody tells me I look better than they ever saw me. I am sure I feel better than I ever did before."

"Favorite Prescription" has the testimony of thousands of women to its complete cure of womanly diseases. Do not accept an unknown and unproved substitute in its place.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a ladies' laxative. No other medicine equals them for gentleness and thoroughness.

## CURRENT COMMENT

— Signor Marconi is arranging to cover a stretch of 6,000 miles with his wireless telegraphy. At this rate of progress, he may be able in a few years to overcome the distance between Speaker Henderson of the House of Representatives and Governor Cummins of Iowa.—*Norfolk Landmark, Dem.*

— President Roosevelt sent the names of thirty-nine persons to the Senate last Friday for appointments as postmasters in Northern and Western States. There was not a negro in the lot, we believe; certainly there was not a negro woman among the favorites of the President. "The door of opportunity" is closed to the negroes only in the North.—*Louisville Courier-Journal, Dem.*

— The negro employes of the New York Union League Club are raising a fund to spend with the lawyers who are making a specialty of testing the new Virginia constitution. Perhaps it might be well for them to save their money. They may need it, as the sentiment in favor of employing only white servants in this exclusive Republican organization is by no means dead. It is liable to crop out again at any time.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

— The Southern railroads have long needed additions to their rolling stock, but found it impossible in most cases to place orders except on a long time limit. The same complaint has been heard on the street car lines. The truth is that the volume of business in this section for the past five years has outgrown all facilities prepared, and the general demand has been such that production could not keep pace with our needs. Even high protection has not availed to spur production into an even pace with our industrial progress—perhaps another policy might have secured better results. When a Florida road is compelled to buy steel rails in Liverpool something must be wrong.—*Jacksonville Times-Union, Dem.*

## TWINKLINGS

— "Being a theatrical manager comes natural to him." "Yes; he was born with a cast in his eye."—*Phil. Bulletin.*

— Foreigner—What do you mean by "land poor?" American—Just what you mean by "title poor."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— "Is it a problem play?" "Yes, Everybody wonders how the leading lady gets into that third-act dress."—*Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.*

— George—Its no use fighting the coaldealers. Mrs. George—No; the thing for you to do is to say nothing and saw wood.—*Detroit Free Press.*

— Housemaid—I overheard the Missis tellin' a caller the other day that I was "no good." Butler—Well, isn't that what listeners generally hear of themselves.—*Chicago Tribune.*

—Judge—I see you lost a couple of front teeth in the fight. Prisoner—No, your honor, I didn't lose them. Judge—But they are missing. Prisoner—Yes, but I swallowed them.—*Puck.*

— "I am sorry to have to refuse this," said the head of the publishing house. "It would be too risky. There are subjects that can't be dealt with in books." "They can on the stage, by Jove!" replied the author, fiercely. "I'll make a society drama of it."—*Chicago Tribune.*

— "Are you sure the course is clear?" she whispered, sliding down to the arms of her lover. "Yes!" he responded. 'I succeeded in boring a hole in the waterpipe. Your father has discovered it, and will keep his finger over the hole until the plumber arrives. Come!"—*Philadelphia Press.*

Insurance Adjuster—Don't you think you have placed a rather high estimate upon the articles destroyed? Your total is $1,200. Now, I'm pretty well convinced the entire lot could be duplicated for less than a quarter of that sum. Polyicyholder—I gave you just what the things cost, not a cent more. I bought them all at our last church fair.—*Boston Transcript.*

**Languages In India.**

Twenty-eight languages are spoken in India and none of these is spoken by fewer than 400,000 persons, while the most general is the mother tongue of 85,500,000. Besides these there are in the remotest parts of the country dialects spoken by no more than 500 persons, which none other than themselves can interpret. India has nine great creeds, numbering their followers from the 208,000,000 Hindoos down to the 9,250,000 Animistics and the innumerable sects included in the 43,000 "others."

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Sometimes a man's neighbors consider him ungrateful because he insists on managing his own affairs.—Chicago News.

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Great Britain imports one-third of her food.

## THREE SUCCESSIVE EMOTIONS

[Original.]

When I secured a contract on one of the largest railroads in India, I took my wife and little daughter with me and established them in a bungalow on the line. I was away all day, sometimes for days together, but I left plenty of servants at the house and felt no concern as to the safety of my family. My wife, who was troubled with insomnia, slept alone, and our little girl, seven years old, slept in a room with me. In that hot climate it is impossible to keep the doors and windows closed, and when I came in late at night I had no trouble in entering.

One night I went home and, finding the door closed, climbed into my room through an open window. As I did not care to waken Rosie, who slept in a crib in one corner, I took off my shoes before entering and stepped noiselessly. Undressing with the same caution, I got into bed and was soon asleep.

I was awakened by a low growl. Thinking that my big dog Bruin had come into the room, I was about to get up and put him out when I was startled by another growl, unlike that of a dog, but strangely resembling some one of the wild animals with which the country abounds. But what sent a thrill of horror through me was that it came from Rosie's crib.

The chamber door opened near my bed—that is, it opened toward me instead of away from me. Here was a possible exit for me, if indeed I gave up my child for lost and chose to make an attempt to save my own life. I might slip out of bed and through the door. It is said that self preservation is the first law of nature, and I confess I practically illustrated the saying. Catching sight of two glaring eyes in the corner in which the crib stood, I lost consciousness of all but one thing—my own immediate threatened death. Springing from the bed, I pulled open the door, which fortunately stood slightly ajar, slipped through and pulled it shut behind me. At the same instant I heard the sound of a heavy body striking against it, and a terrible growl, which I now recognized as that of the man eater (the tiger) of India.

There was nothing to do but hold the door. True, the tiger would not unlatch it, but I did not care to take even the most remote chance of letting him into that portion of the house occupied by my wife and the servants. There was a transom above, and very soon glass shattered by the tiger's paw fell on my head. Looking up, I saw his nose protruding, but fortunately the space was too small to pass him. Realizing the fact, he abandoned this point of egress, and I heard the thud of his fore paws on the floor. I expected he would go out at the window, but he did not seem inclined to do so.

Hearing a step behind me, I turned, and there stood my wife in her nightclothes.

"Rosie!" I moaned.

"What of her?"

"Lost."

Without a word the mother sank in a swoon.

Now comes a surprise in my story, for which, whenever I think of it, I lift my eyes to heaven and utter a "Thank God!" Rosie herself came running along the hallway. A few hasty questions and answers explained her presence. She had heard low growls from the tiger under the window before he entered and, terrified, fled to her mother's room and got into bed beside her without awakening her.

Then came servants, but so great is the terror of the man eater among the natives that when I explained that I had left one in my room most of them fled. My wife revived, saw her daughter and swooned again, this time through excess of joy.

One feeling now took possession of me, a desire to have the blood of the creature that had so terrified me, that might have killed my child. Directing the servants to take my wife and daughter to their sleeping room and lock them in, I called for my repeating rifle and, going into the yard, took position near the window through which the tiger had entered. There was no sign of him, and I feared he had gone, when I saw a bit of yellow fur above the window sill. It was the ridge of his back. I should have waited till he put his paws on the sill preparatory to jumping through the window, but I could not brook the delay. I called to the servants to bring me something on which to stand so that I could see into the room, but none of them dared approach. Finally one braver than the rest threw me a box. Taking it to within a few yards of the window, I mounted it in time to see the beast put his fore paws on Rosie's crib and in this elevated position stand looking about him. There was no time to spare. He would soon see me and come for me. I have never before or since known the perfect poise of nerve with which I pointed my rifle at him, aimed behind the shoulder and fired. The tiger sprang to the ceiling, then fell back dead.

What has since puzzled me are my own changes and feelings, first horror at the supposed fate of my child, next the all pervading sense of my own danger and lastly fear giving place to a desire for revenge. The most pleasurable sensation I have ever experienced was the sight of the beast springing up and falling dead. I dislike to think that at the bottom of us nature has implanted the same brutal instinct, rage, as that given to the tiger. Nevertheless I have his skin, which I use for a rug and never step on it without a sensation of joy.

WILLIS STEPHENSON.

### WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

R. B. JOHN, P. E., Wilmington, N. C.

Clinton, Clinton, Jan. 30.
Kenansville, Friendship, Jan. 31, Feb. 1.
Bladen, Bethlehem, Feb. 7, 8.
Elizabeth, Elizabethtown, Feb. 9.
Carver's Creek, Council Station Feb. 10.
Onslow, Queen's Creek, Feb. 14, 15.
Jacksonville and Richlands, Half Moon, Feb. 21, 22.
Missionary Institute will be held at Grace church Feb. 4th and 5th, 1903.
District conference will meet at Jacksonville Tuesday Mar. 17th at 5 o'clock P. M. and continue through the 18th and 19th, 1903.

**Tried to Conceal It.**

It's the old story of "murder will out," only in this case there's no crime. A woman feels run down, has backache or dyspepsia and think's it's nothing and tries to hide it until she finally breaks down. Don't deceive yourself. Take Electric Bitters at once. It has a reputation for curing Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles, and will revivify your whole system. The worst forms of those maladies will quickly yield to the curative powers of Electric Bitters. Only 50 cents, and guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

## SKIN-TORTURED BABIES

## And Tired, Fretted Mothers

### Find Comfort in Cuticura Soap and Ointment

### When All Other Remedies and Physicians Fail.

Instant relief and refreshing sleep for skin-tortured babies and rest for tired, worried mothers in warm baths with Cuticura Soap, and gentle anointings with Cuticura Ointment, purest of emollient skin cures, to be followed in severe cases by mild doses of Cuticura Resolvent Pills. This is the purest, sweetest, most speedy, permanent and economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted and pimply skin and scaly humours, with loss of hair, of infants and children, as well as adults, and is sure to succeed when all other remedies and the best physicians fail.

The agonizing itching and burning of the skin, as in eczema; the frightful scaling, as in psoriasis; the loss of hair and crusting of the scalp, as in scalled head; the facial disfigurement, as in pimples and ringworm; the awful suffering of infants, and anxiety of worn-out parents, as in milk crust, tetter and salt rheum,—all demand a remedy of almost superhuman virtues to successfully cope with them. That Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills are such stands proven beyond all doubt. No statement is made regarding them that is not justified by the strongest evidence. The purity and sweetness, the power to afford immediate relief, the certainty of speedy and permanent cure, the absolute safety and great economy have made them the standard skin cures and humour remedies of the civilized world.

## HEAVY MATERIALS.

**Zibeline Coverts—Boucle Cloth and Friezes.**

There is a decided fancy for white cloth and white fur coats. In fact, white is decidedly the rage, while very smart women are as usual addicted to black and white.

For coats and skirts the zibeline covert coatings are greatly to be commended in terra cotta shades. French blues, greens, reds, browns and fawns all having a hairy surface, the boucle sedan cloth in green, blue and red and fancy zibeline striped materials all make up well.

DRESS FOR A SCHOOLGIRL.

Irish friezes in some ten different shades are to be found among the favorite autumn materials, together with granite suitings, friezes and cheviots.

Charming robes come in green, blue and black panne cloth. These are all ready for appliquing with chine panne outlined with black glace in a floral design.

The schoolgirl's dress shown is of royal blue cloth. The waist has full sleeves decorated with tiny gilt buttons. The collar is of all over tucking appliqued with lace medallions. The front is of the same color as the medallions—a deep cream. The belt is of blue velvet. The front of the skirt is in narrow plaits, and there are groups of tucks on the hips. There is a narrow band of stitching around the bottom.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

**An Obliging Caller.**

When M. Clemenceau was in the French chamber of deputies, he became for some reason the idol of the workingman, but his popularity, according to the course of nature, brought its penalties. He was besieged by all sorts of people, who came merely to ask questions, and sometimes they were questions of the most trivial sort.

He was originally a doctor and used to give advice for nothing at certain hours of the day. One morning a workingman entered his room, and Clemenceau said without looking up from his writing:

"Take off your coat and shirt. I'll attend to you directly."

Three minutes later he found the man had stripped to the waist.

"There is nothing the matter with you," said the doctor when he had made an examination.

"I know there isn't!" returned the man.

"Then what did you come for?"

"To consult you on a political question."

"But what did you strip for?"

"I thought you wanted an illustration of the emaciated body of the man who lives by the sweat of his brow."

The political question remained unanswered. M. Clemenceau was too exasperated to do more than tell the man to dress and go home.

**Paper From Seaweed.**

An invention has just been completed by Professor C. E. Anthony, San Diego, Cal., by which the immense kelp beds of the ocean are to be utilized in the manufacture of paper. The invention consists of taking the seaweed and forming it into a pulp, from which paper of the finest quality can be manufactured, equal even to the finest linen paper, which, though a product of the chemist's laboratory, it greatly resembles.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

## COMMERCIAL.

### WILMINGTON MARKET

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Chamber of Commerce.]

STAR OFFICE, January 29.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 61c per gallon.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.70 per barrel for strained and $1.75 per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.60 per barrel of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm at $2.25 per barrel for hard, $3.75 for dip.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine firm at 43@43c; rosin firm at $1.10@1.15; tar firm at $1 25; crude turpentine firm at $1.35@2.50.

RECEIPTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spirits turpentine | 20 |
| Rosin | 276 |
| Tar | 336 |
| Crude turpentine | 14 |

Receipts same day last year—11 casks spirits turpentine, 730 barrels rosin, 324 barrels tar, 199 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 8⅝c per pound for middling. Quotations:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Ordinary | 6⅛ | cts. ℔ lb |
| Good ordinary | 7⅝ | " " |
| Low middling | 8⅜ | " " |
| Middling | 8⅝ | " " |
| Good middling | 9⅛ | " " |

Same day last year, market steady at 7⅞c for middling.

Receipts—638 bales; same day last year, 365.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 67½c; extra prime, 72½c; fancy, 75c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds Virginia—Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c. Spanish (new), 65@70c.

CORN—Firm; 65@67½c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 15@16c per pound; shoulders, 10@12½c; sides, 12½c.

EGGS—Dull at 20c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 25@30c; springs, 15@20c.

TURKEYS—Firm at 12@12½c for live.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Dull at 50c per bushel.

BEEF CATTLE—Firm at 2@4c per pound.

## FINANCIAL MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—Money on call steady; lowest 3¼ per cent., highest 4, ruling rate 3¾, last 3¾, and closing at 3¾ per cent.; time money firmer; 60 days, 4¾@5 per cent; 90 days, 4¾@5 per cent.; six months 4¾@5 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange easy, with actual business in bankers' bills at 486 75 for demand and at 483.80 for sixty days. The posted rates were 484½ and 487½. Commercial bills 483@483¼. Bar silver 47. Mexican dollars 37¾. Government bonds steady. State bonds steady. Railroad bonds were irregular. U. S. funding 2's, registered, 109; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 109; U. S. 3's, registered, 107; do. coupon, 107¾. U. S. 4's, new registered, 124¾; do. coupon, 136¾; U. S. 4's, old, registered, 110; do. coupon, 110; U. S. 5's, registered, 103; do. coupon 104¼; Southern Railway, 5's, 117 Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 101¼. Chesapeake & Ohio 52¾; Manhattan L 145; New York Central 151¼; Reading 61⅝; do. 1st preferred 87¾; do. 2nd preferred 74¾; St. Paul 177⅞; do. pref'd, 192; Southern Railway 35¾; do. pref'd 95; Amalgamated Copper 66⅞; People's Gas 106¾; Sugar 129½; Tennessee Coal and Iron 63⅜; U. S. Leather 12¾; do. pref'd, 89⅛; Western Union 90; U. S Steel 37¾; do. pref'd 87⅛; Virginia-Carolina Chemical 62; no sales; do. preferred, 121; sales — common. Standard Oil, 735@738.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 29.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 26½@26½; do. preferred, bonds, 43⅞@43¾; fours, 83¾ Atlantic Coast Line, common 135¼@136; do. preferred, unquoted.

## NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 29—Rosin firm. Spirits turpentine firm at 64½@65c asked.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 29.—Spirits turpentine firm at 60½c bid; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — casks; A, B, C, $1 70; D, $1 70; E, $1 70; F, $1 75 G, $1 85; H, $2 10; I, $2 45; K, $2 85; M, $3 30; N, $3 50; W G, $3 85; W W $4 15.

SAVANNAH, Jan 29.—Spirits turpentine firm at 61½c bid; receipts 315 casks; sales 106 casks; exports 205 casks. Rosin firm; receipts 2,632 barrels; sales 2,366 barrels; exports 507 barrels. Quote: A, B, C, $1 75, D, $1 75, E, $1 75; F, $1 80; G, $1 90; H, $2 20; I, $2 55; K $3 05; M, $3 65; N, $3 55 W G, $3 80; W W, $4 20.

## COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—The cotton market opened with prices one point lower and four points higher and following the call showed little improvement, January selling at 9c under covering. The English cables, however, after opening about as expected, proved disappointing, and in addition to this the recent advance had naturally afforded a very considerable profit to the longs. At the best level of this morning these profits proved attractive and an easier tendency became apparent, under which values sagged down some two to six points on the list generally, while January sold off fourteen points under fear of "notices," closing at 8.80. The market at the finish was steady, with total sales estimated at 250,000 bales Throughout the session there were occasional shows of strength based on the continued light receipts, which for the day were 27,796 bales as compared with 43 000 last year, and there was some buying on the showing made by the various spot markets of the country which were unchanged to 1-16c higher. But while the news from the South has averaged up strongly bullish, the public declined to continue buying at the higher prices on the ground that after so prolonged an advance a reaction was natural, and in the afternoon the market was quiet, with the trading very largely professional. The decline in January was the feature and was thought to indicate the final covering of the short interest in that option.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—Cotton quiet at 9 05c; net receipts 615 bales; gross receipts 2 553 bales; stock — bales.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 9.05c; middling gulf 9.30c; sales 1,700 bales.

Futures opened steady and closed steady. The closing quotations were: January 8.80, February 8.81, March 8.85, April 8.88, May 8.91, June 8.89, July 8.90, August 8.68, September 8.25, October 8.18.

Total to-day, at all seaports—Net receipts 27,796 bales; exports to Great Britain 20,479 bales; exports to France 2,350 bales; exports to the Continent 20,081 bales; stock 1,080,948 bales.

Consolidated, at all seaports—Net receipts 152,331 bales; exports to Great Britain 58,686 bales; exports to France 30,927 bales; exports to the Continent 95,645 bales.

Total since September 1st, at all seaports—Net receipts 5,817,292 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,816,346 bales; exports to France 535,106 bales; exports to the Continent 1,897,980 bales

Jan. 29.—Galveston, firm at 8 15-16c, net receipts 5,566 bales; Norfolk, steady at 9c, net receipts 1,192 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 9c, net receipts — bales; Boston, steady at 9.05c, net receipts 1,564 bales; Wilmington, firm at 8⅝c, net receipts 638 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 9.30c, net receipts — bales; Savannah, firm at 8 11-16c, net receipts 4,848 bales; New Orleans, firm at 8⅞c, net receipts 8.248 bales; Mobile, quiet at 8⅝c, net receipts 825 bales; Memphis, firm at 8⅝c, net receipts 1,705 bales; Augusta, steady at 8 9-16, net receipts 644 bales; Charleston, steady at 8⅝c, net receipts 492 bales.

## PRODUCE MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 29—Flour was quiet but steadier. Rye flour steady. Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red 81⅝c. Options closed firm at ⅝@¾c net advance. Sales: March closed 83⅝c; May closed —c; July closed 79⅛c Corn—Spot steady; No 2 58@62c float. Options closed ⅛@⅜c net higher, closing: January closed —c; February closed 60c. March closed 57c; May closed 50⅛c; July closed 49c. Oats—Spot steady; No. 2, 43c. Options were steady. Sales: May closed 41⅞c. Pork firm. Tallow quiet. Rice firm. Butter firm: extra creamery 26c; State dairy 18@25c. Cheese firm: new State full cream, small colored, fancy fall made 14¾c; small white, fall made, 14¾@14¾. Coffee—Spot Rio quiet. Sugar—Raw weak; fair refining 3⅜c. centrifugal, 96 test, 3 1 16c. molasses sugar 3c; refined dull. Peanuts were easy; fancy hand picked 4@4½c; other domestic 3@4½c. Cabbages easy; domestic, per barrel red $1 00@1 25; white 60@75. Freights to Liverpool—cotton by steam 12c. Eggs easy; State and Pennsylvania average best 24@28c. Cotton seed oil was dull again but held steadily at old prices; Prime crude here nominal; prime crude f. o. b. mills 34@34½c; prime summer yellow 40¼@41c; off summer yellow 39c; prime white 45c; prime winter yellow 45c; prime meal $27 50@28 00, nominal.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29—Wheat was quiet and exceedingly nervous, but the close was strong with May ½c higher. May corn was up ⅛@½c and oats was ½c higher. Provisions were firm. May products closing with a gain of 7½ to 12½c @ 15c.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—Cash prices: Flour steadier. Wheat—No. 2 spring 77c; No 3 spring 72@73½c; No 2 red 73¾@74½c. Corn—No 2 45c; No 2 yellow 45c. Oats—No 2 33⅜c; No. 2 white 37c; No. 3 white 33½@34½c. Rye—No 2 49@49½c. Mess pork, per barrel, $16 75@16 87½. Lard, per 100 lbs, $10 15@10 20. Short rib sides, loose, $9 05@9 15. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $8 25@8 50. Short clear sides, boxed, $9 37½@9 62½. Whiskey Basis of high wines, $1 30.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 January 74¼, 74¼, 73⅞, 74¼; May 78⅛@78¼, 78⅜, 77¾, 77⅝c; July 74⅛@74⅜, 75¼, 74⅜, 75⅛c. Corn—No 2, January 45⅝, 46, 45¼, 45¾; May 44⅛@44⅜, 45¼, 44⅜, 45c; July 43⅝@43⅜, 43¼, 43⅛, 43⅝c. Oats—No 2, January 33⅜c. May 36⅛@36⅜, 36¼, 36⅛, 36⅜@36⅜; July 32⅞, 32⅞@33, 32⅞, 32⅞. Mess pork per bbl—January $18 30, 18 30, 18 25, 18 25; May $16 67½, 16 75, 16 65, 16 70; July $16 35, 16 35, 16 30, 16 35. Lard, per 100 lbs—January $10 22½, 10 22½, 10 20, 10 20; May $9 52½, 9 55, 9 50, 9 55; July $9 32½, 9 35, 9 32½, 9 35. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—January $9 02½, 9 05, 9 02½, 9 05; May $9 15, 9 20, 9 15, 9 15½; July $9 05, 9 07½, 9 02½, 9 07½.

## FOREIGN MARKET

By Cable to the Morning Star

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 29.—Cotton: Spot, good business done; prices four points higher; American middling fair 5.52d; good middling 5.08d; middling 4.90d; low middling 4.78d; good ordinary 4.66d; ordinary 4.54d. The sales of the day were 12,000 bales, of which 2,000 bales were for speculation and export and included 11,100 bales American. Receipts 29,000 bales, including 26,900 bales American.

Futures opened firm and closed steady; American middling (g o c) January 4.80d; January and February 4.80d; February and March 4.80d; March and April 4.80d; April and May 4.80@4.81d; May and June 4.81@4.82d; June and July 4.81@4.82d; July and August 4.81d; August and September 4.71@4.72d; September and October 4.52@4.53d; October and November 4.53d.

## MARINE

ARRIVED

Steamer Highlander, Whitted, Fayetteville, T D Love.

Steamer Compton, Sanders, Calabash and Little River, S C, Stone, Rourk & Co.

## MARINE DIRECTORY

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., January 30.

STEAMSHIPS.

Eastry, (Br) 1,924 tons, Horsfield, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Polana, (Br) 1,898 tons, Holttum, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

SCHOONERS.

Lillian Woodruff, 288 tons, Kneeland, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Goldseeker, (Br) 199 tons, Diggdon, J T Riley & Co.

J C Strawbridge, 758 tons, Coombs, George Harriss, Son & Co.

James W, (Br) 150 tons, Murchison, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Estelle, 343 tons, Hutchenson, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Foster Rice, (Br) 179 tons, Brinton, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Lady Shea, (Br) 151 tons, Munro, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Freidig, (Nor) 649 tons, Christophersen, Heide & Co.

### BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

C. C. Railroad—150 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine.

W. & W. Railroad—15 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 34 barrels tar.

W., C. & A. Railroad—405 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 5 barrels rosin, 228 barrels tar, 14 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—9 casks spirits turpentine, 97 barrels rosin, 17 barrles tar.

Steamer Whitlock—2 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 50 barrels rosin, 40 barrels tar.

Schooner Leah—2 casks spirits turpentine, 33 barrels rosin, 2 barrels tar.

Steamer City of Fayetteville—66 bales cotton, 15 barrels tar.

Flat—91 barrels rosin.

Total—638 bales cotton, 20 casks spirits turpentine, 276 barrels rosin, 336 barrels tar, 14 barrels crude turpentine.

## PUZZLE PICTURE.

THE TRAVELS OF COLUMBUS.

As the army takes the field soon after his arrival, Columbus decides to await a more favorable opportunity to present his views, and seeks a lodging.

FIND A SPANISH GRANDEE.


# CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.



# THE NORTH CAROLINA HOT SPRINGS

## THE MOUNTAIN PARK HOTEL,

Hot Springs, N. C.

Hot Mineral Drinking Water and Baths, with temperature ranging from ninety-six to one hundred and ten degrees. Strongly Alkaline and Nature's Specific for Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, and all kindred troubles. There are no cases which they will not greatly relieve, and few which they will not positively cure, if faithfully used These Springs are in the grounds of the

## MOUNTAIN PARK HOTEL,

A Hostelry with accommodations for Three Hundred Guests, and New, Modern, Elegant. Situated in a park of one hundred acres, on the bank of the French Broad River, thirty-five miles west of Asheville, on the main line of the Southern Railway, surrounded by some of the grandest mountains east of the Rocky Mountains. No Humidity. No Fogs. A delightful Home for the Pleasure-Seeker, an Eden for the Rheumatic. No healthier, no more delightful place in the world.

Write us for Illustrated Booklet, with Analysis and Testimonials.

## HOWELL COBB, Proprietor.

mar 9 tf

## THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK,

OF WILMINGTON N. C.

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|---|---|
| Capital | $300,000 |
| Surplus | 100,000 |
| Total Assets | 2,000,000 |

We solicit your account. You will find us strong, liberal and prompt

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

jan 25 tf

## ATLANTIC TRUST AND BANKING CO.,

16 Princess Street, Wilmington, N. C.,

Solicits your account. Pays 4 per cent. interest on deposits, compounded quarterly. Deposits made on or before February 2nd will draw interest from February 1st.

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## DR. LYON'S French Periodical Drops

Strictly vegetable, perfectly harmless, sure to accomplish DESIRED RESULTS. Greatest known female remedy.

CAUTION Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine is put up only in paste-board Carton with fac-simile signature on side of the bottle, thus. Send for Circular to WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Sole Agents, Cleveland, Ohio.

J. C SHEPARD, Jr., Wilmington.


# NOT PROVED

By Louise D. Mitchell


Copyright, 1903, By the S. S. McClure Company.


"This is my sister, Miss Dilman, Mr. Dunn. She has come to spend a month or two with me. I ought to warn you that she is a most incorrigible flirt, so that you"—

"Why, Molly Ware!" her sister exclaimed in a horrified tone, while the doctor laughed. "What are you saying?"

"Just what is true," Mrs. Ware said defiantly. "He might just as well know it now, at the beginning of the acquaintance, as to be stunned by the fact later on. At all events, my conscience will be clear for having done my duty at the start."

"By the way you talk, Molly, one would think that I made a practice of going about seeking whom I could devour," said Miss Dilman resentfully. "It's very unsisterly of you to betray one of my blood bought accomplishments to Dr. Munn. It's downright brutal!"

"Then you plead guilty to the charge Mrs. Ware has made?" said the doctor, watching her admiringly.

"Never! And I warn you that my case will be filed away among those 'not proved.'"

"I don't know about that. I shall work hard gathering evidence."

"I defy you."

"And I'll convict you," he retorted, laughing. Mrs. Ware and he had been sitting in a shady corner of the piazza, she in her invalid chair and he opposite, when Bab strolled out and joined them, a vision of blond loveliness in violet.

As his carriage drove up to the gate for the third time he arose to take leave reluctantly—reluctantly because the sunlight of the girl's beauty had got into his eyes and dazzled him. She sauntered to the edge of the piazza.

"It's no more than fair to warn you that as a detective I shall watch you closely," he said, smiling up at her.

"As a detective only?" she said, with an arch laugh.

"There are untold possibilities in the duties of a detective," he said, raising his hat. "I shall exhaust those first."

When he had gone, she resumed her low chair beside her sister. "Molly," she said reproachfully, "you are a very mean girl. Now he'll expect me to flirt with him, and I'll have to do it."

"What of that?"

"Didn't you know that I had come down here to reform?"

"Heavens, no!"

"Your surprise is disheartening."

"I intend it to be. I have set my heart upon a match between you and the doctor. He's very wealthy and has a fine practice besides. It would be an excellent thing for you, Bab, dear, and would please Aunt Nell so much. She has done a great deal for us both, you know."

The girl's face darkened with pain. "I spent such a horrible winter," she said in a low voice—"one refusal after another. Oh, Molly," in passionate protest, "if only I had some money of my own and could marry for love, how sweet it would be!"

Mrs. Ware's eyes filled with tears. "I couldn't," she said gently; then added comfortingly, "but I was not unhappy in my marriage. John was a very kind husband, and I have missed him sorely since his death. Your beauty ought to be some sort of compensation to you, dear. I was fairly staggered by it. Aunt Nell has done wonders for you."

"Yes, Aunt Nell and her tailor."

"Well, anyway you will do your best to captivate my doctor, won't you?"

"Oh, he's like all the rest—diplomatic, absolutely in good form, cultivating only those in high places, with one eye on the god Mammon, the typical physician in ordinary to swelldom. A beautiful, tactful, well gowned wife would be of assistance to him. Would she be anything more? Has he any heart under that well groomed, well tailored exterior?"

"Barbara, we might just as well look upon this question dispassionately, for we both know how necessary it is for you to marry, and marry well."

Barbara went to the end of the piazza and stood looking out at the hills for a moment. She returned, smiling.

"Now I'll be good," she said softly, "and I'll do my best to captivate your stupid old doctor. You mustn't mind my calling him that, dear, for he is stupid. But, oh, Molly, if ever I meet Love face to face, what explanation will he demand?"

Mrs. Ware could not reply. She stared into space with so melancholy an expression that Barbara laughed by way of diverting her.

Her sister looked up alarmed by the mischievous light in her eyes. "Barbara," she said entreatingly, "if he falls in love with you, you will not throw him over, will you, darling? He might go off and shoot himself, and if Aunt Nell should hear of—of—his death and lay it to your doings"—

"She'd never hear of it. We," darkly"—"we'd bury him out in the potato patch and never divulge the awful secret. But really, my dear, you do not know doctors. They never kill themselves if they are disappointed in love. They always take it out on their charity patients."

Mrs. Ware sighed patiently. "I don't know that he has any charity patients."

"Just so," said Miss Dilman, with finality. "I'll make him bring me face to face with one or prove him too fond of catering to the rich to do charitable work among the poor."

It was brought about during one of the many drives that Miss Dilman and the doctor had together in the weeks that followed.

"Doctor," she began artfully, "have you any charity patients—left?"

"Left?" he echoed, puzzling over that seeming afterthought. "I have some. Why?"

"Would you—er—take me to call upon one?"

"Would you really go?" he asked, looking at her averted face with a passionate light in his eyes.

"Yes, of course I would," she said demurely.

"This is good of you," he said unsteadily and turned at once into a side street crowded with tenement houses. The carriage stopped.

"Serves me right," she thought, with an inward laugh, as she followed him into the small, ill smelling room. "Faith without sight should have sufficed for me."

A wailing cry greeted their ears. A young Italian woman was bending over a child. There was a heartbreaking look in the face she raised to them. Barbara seated herself graciously. As the doctor bent over his little patient the child held up its arms to him, and he lifted it tenderly to his breast, talking in crooning tones to it. The small hand feebly patted his face, and he held it there against his cheek. He had forgotten all else, even the woman he loved.

Barbara felt strangely isolated. Somehow a breath of tragedy had blown across her little comedy, chilling it and her.

"Stupid—stupid—stupid!" she repeated, with miserable self reproach, as she awaited him outside in the fresher air. "Barbara Dilman, if you've a spark of decency, apologize to him for that word!"

They drove on into the woods in silence, he grave and she for the first time in her life all adrift from her worldly self.

"Will it live?" she faltered at last, trying not to wink lest a tear fall.

"I fear not," he said sadly and looked at her just as the tear fell. A great change swept over him. He bent lower. "Thank God for that tear, Barbara!" he said huskily.

She struggled wildly, but hopelessly, for her usual coolness. "Stupid, but"—

"My heart and soul are yours, dearest. Is there any hope for me?" As his hand closed over hers pleadingly the other tear splashed down on his glove. His clasp tightened. "Speak to me, Barbara!" he entreated.

"If you were not so—so—stupid—stupid, but—but"— And as she paused a beautiful color rushed over her face.

"But what?" he demanded.

"Dear!" she said tremulously, but with a laugh like music.

## FOR GENERAL UTILITY.

**Flannel Waists—Waist and Skirt Costumes of Heavy Wool.**

Flannel waists are a winter necessity, and the demand for smart woolen materials is decidedly on the increase. The new printed flannels are charmingly trimmed with quaint rings and strappings of black glace. Dark tone flannels are ornamented with rich oriental designs down the front and on the cuffs. Plaid flannels are returning to popular favor. They are made up most stylishly, fastening on one side with three buttons. Pale green flan-

A USEFUL GOWN.

nels are printed with delicate designs of violets, and delicate pinks and blues are similarly treated.

For steamer and sporting wear the new sweaters in cream wool are very smart and very becoming to those having good figures.

Useful shirt waists are made of rough cheviot. The waists are strapped, and the skirts, laid in stitched plaits, reach a little above the ground.

A smart walking gown made in a Fifth avenue shop was of tweed in a heather mixture strapped in suede leather, which also appeared on the cuffs and belt. The coat also had small leather buttons in groups of three.

The useful dress in the illustration is of dark red cheviot, trimmed with black braid over white silk.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

**Recognized Their Old Friend.**

The late Sir John Steell, who was sculptor to Queen Victoria, was modeling a bust of Miss Nightingale when an officer of one of the highland regiments which had suffered so cruelly in the Crimea heard that the bust had just been completed and was in Sir John's studio. Many of the men in his company had passed through the hospital at Scutari, and he obtained permission from the sculptor to bring some of them to see it. Accordingly a squad of men one day marched into the studio and stood in line.

They had no idea why they had been mustered in so strange a place. Without a word of warning the bust was uncovered, and then as by one impulse the men broke rank and, with cries of "Miss Nightingale, Miss Nightingale!" surrounded the model and, with hats off, cheered the figure of their devoted nurse until the roof rang.

So spontaneous and hearty and so inspiring was the whole scene that in after days Sir John Steell declared it to be the greatest compliment of his life.

**Where Vessels Capsize Frequently.**

The capsizing of a vessel tied up to a pier is common enough in the bay of Fundy and its tributary streams. The usual rise and fall of the tide along that bay is from forty to fifty feet, and high tides sometimes exceed sixty feet. With the fall of the tide all craft are left high, but by no means dry, with an area of chocolate colored mud all about them. This mud is too shifting to hold a vessel in safety, so each pier is provided with one or more strong wood frames called shoes, fixed at the bottom of the stream or bay.

Upon these shoes all vessels rest at low tide. It frequently happens, however, that a vessel does not get her shoe snugly on, so to speak, and if a strong wind comes when she is thus ill balanced over she goes into the mud, to be buried forty-five feet under the next rising tide.

**A Marvelous Invention.**

Wonders never cease. A machine has been invented that will cut, paste and hang wall paper. The field of inventions and discoveries seem to be unlimited. Notable among great discoveries is Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It has done a world of good for weak lungs and has saved many a life. Thousand have used it and conquered Grip, Bronchitis, Pneumonia and Consumption. Their general verdict is: "It's the best and most reliable medicine for Throat and Lung troubles." Every 50c and $1.00 bottle is guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. Trial bottles free. †

**Piles! Piles! Piles!**

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared to cure Piles and DOES IT in short order. Easy to apply, every box guaranteed, 50c. and $1.00. All druggists or by mail. WILLIAMS M'F'G Co., Cleveland, Ohio. Sold by J. C. Sheppard, Jr. †


For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by J. C Sheppar



# Plenty of New Spring Goods

COMING IN.

## AT GAYLORD'S BIG RACKET STORE

They have opened up many cases of new and pretty goods this week.

### Beautiful Mercerized Silk Finished White Goods.

We have a most exquisite line of the newest and prettiest patterns for ladies' early Spring Waists—run in prices from 18c to 29c per yd; we have a pretty line of White Goods from 8c to 12½ per yd; 100 pieces India Linen, 12½c values, we now offer at 10c before the season opens.

A special drive in Silks—all colors in pretty China Silk at 29c per yd. An elegant Taffetta Silk in all colors and black at 42c; an extra heavy quality of Black Taffetta Silk, yard wide, special at 88c, worth $1; a beautiful White China Silk at 50c per yd; a guaranteed Taffetta Silk $1.19 per yd; the heaviest and best warranted Taffetta, yard wide, at $1.39 per yd. Fifty pieces pretty Tricots in all the shades—pinks, bright blues and all staple colors, special at 25c per yd. A big selection of pretty patterns in a F. C. Madras, special at 10c per yd; a beautiful line of Madras in extremely pretty colors, equal to best 10c quality, we are selling at 8c. A nice line of Worsteds, special this week at 9c per yd. Nine thousand yards Tobacco Cloth, one yard wide, at 12½ per yard; 1,000 yards heavy Homespun at 4c per yard; 480 yards Old Glory Bleaching, equal to Fruit of Loom, at7c per yard. Splendid yard wide Cavalier Bleaching at 5c. Fruit of Loom, Masonville, Androscoggin and Parker's—plenty of all grades.

A big drive in Birdseye, best antiseptic quality, at 50c, 60c, 70c, 75c and 85c for the widest; also a full stock of Rubber Sheeting 1 yd wide at 38c, yard wide for 50c, 2 yards wide for $1.

Window Shades—Our shade department will be full and complete; shades 10c up, best opaque linen shades 38c; heavy knotted foreign shades 25c; dadoed and figured shades for 35c.

Lace Curtains—Do you need any? If you do look at our line. We buy direct from the factory in wholesale quantities and can undersell competition; good curtains at 45c a pair; 3 yard long curtains at 75c a pair; beautiful 3 yard curtains at $1 a pair.

Blankets—We are anxious to close out our stock and will undersell any competition in heavy wool blankets; good 11-4 Blankets at $1.85; best all wool Blanket for $2.50. Our $5 Blankets are going for $3.75.

These prices are quoted spot cash and we punch no card on them, it is simply turning Blankets into money.

Cut in Prices on Ladies' Hats—We will give you your choice out of 500 Hats for 25c each. We also have about 100 ready-to-wear Hats, you can have your choice of for 60c each. In ladies' early Spring Hats, we have plenty of pretty black chips; nice nobby black Sailors and plenty of new Spring flowers; 500 pieces pretty new Ribbon and 400 yards yard-wide Silk which we are selling at 35c per yard.

All Silk Ribbon No. 40, in pretty colors, at 10c per yd.

Good Sailors—25c, 35c and 50c.

Shoes—wet weather calls for shoes—we have thousands of pairs. We try hard to fit your feet and suit your pocketbook. We sell nothing but guaranteed all solid shoes or no sale. Our men's guaranteed shoe at $1.25 cannot be matched in the city—it is built of leather and made to wear—it is made to fit and will not rip. It combines elegance and service, and our price is $1.25. Call for the Heart and Arrow Shoe and you get the best.

In Ladies' Shoes, why not buy the Vicious? They are $1.50, and are equal to any $2 shoe sold in the city. We recommend them to wear, look and fit well, and will not rip. The manufacturers guarantee them. If they fail to do what we say, we give you a new shoe and they foot the bill.

Do you trade with us? If not, why not? We are your friends. We give presents with all cash purchases. Get your card punched and do your trading at

## Gaylord's Big Racket Store.

## GEO. O. GAYLORD,

jan 25 tf PROPRIETOR.



# Coal, Coal.

## BURN OUR COAL AND KEEP WARM.

This Coal is just as good as any that is sold in the City at present. It will burn freely in either Stove, Grate or Furnace. It is all lump and will not melt and run together, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding.

Remember it is only $5.00 per ton,

weight and quality guaranteed.

Give us your orders and save money.

## Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Phones—Bell 94. Inter-State 146. jan 25 tf

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WHAT OFTEN HAPPENS!

You have less coal in the cellar than you thought. The strike has put the price of Anthracite beyond our reach; however, we have on hand a large quantity of

Red Jacket Egg,
Tennessee Jellico,
Mountain Ash and Coke,

which are the best substitutes for Anthracite. Will be pleased to receive your orders, and will do our best to please you.

The Coal, Cement & Supply Co.

Sole Agents and Distributers.

DAVIS' 100 per cent. pure Paints, Colors and Varnishes, and

SOUTHERN OIL AND SUPPLY CO.'S

Lubricating, Linseed and Illuminating Oils.

Give us trial order. 114 South Front street,
'Phones—Inter State 73, Bell 645. jan 6 tf

## Selz Schwab Shoes

Make Men's feet glad. They are the best that can be produced for Style, Wear and Comfort. We sell them in Vici, Calf and Box Calf, Bals, Bluchers and Congress.

Price $3.00 and $3.50.

They are trade winners that bring the trade.

SEE OUR WINDOW.

jan 25 tf GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.



# In Keeping

With the dull and gloomy weather is business. I am sorry to say I cannot do anything with the weather; but to liven up business, I will make special reduced prices for the balance of January. If you have either credit or money, NOW is your opportunity. Would also be glad to renovate that old mattress, or patch that old rocker for just enough money to help pay my men's time in the dull season.

## N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties, 111 Market St.

Bell 'Phone 613. Inter-State 421.

jan 25 tf



DUCRO'S ELIXIR

A STIMULANT

Highly recommended for its TONIC Properties and as a Preventive for

All Kinds of Fevers.

E. FOUGERA & CO. 26-28 N. William St., N. Y.

dec 1 tf fr



# SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

Schedule in Effect Jan. 11, 1903.

TRAIN 39 Leaves Wilmington at 4:30 P. M., arrives Lumberton 6:56 P. M., Pembroke 7:30 P. M., Maxton 7:55 P. M., Hamlet 8:40 P. M.

TRAIN 40 Leaves Hamlet at 9:30 A. M., arrives Maxton 9:18 A. M., Pembroke 9:43 A. M., Lumberton 10:08 A. M., Wilmington 10.30 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Hamlet | 6 50 a m | 9.00 p m |
| Ar Monroe | 10 23 a m | 10.45 p m |
| Ar Charlotte | 11.40 a m | 11.50 p m |
| Ar Chester | 12.01 p m | 11.50 p m |
| Ar Greenwood | 2.59 p m | 2.05 a m |
| Ar Athens | 5.19 p m | 4.15 a m |
| Ar Atlanta | 7.40 p m | 6.15 a m |

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Lv Hamlet | 5.00 a m | 8.45 a m | 9.30 p m |
| Ar Columbia | 7.56 a m | 11.58 a m | 7.10 a m |
| Ar Savannah | 9.45 a m | 3.18 p m | 4.55 a m |
| Ar Jacksonville | 1.20 p m | 7.40 p m | 9.15 a m |
| Ar Tampa | | 6.45 a m | 6.00 p m |

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Lv Hamlet | | 10.25 p m | 6.03 a m |
| Ar Raleigh | | 1.15 a m | 11.10 a m |
| Ar Norfina | | 3.18 a m | 1.03 p m |
| Ar Petersburg | | 4.19 p m | |
| Ar Richmond | | 6.10 a m | 4.55 p m |
| Ar Washington | | 9.45 a m | 8.35 p m |
| Ar Baltimore | | 10.54 a m | 11.38 p m |
| Ar New York | | 3.18 p m | 6.36 a m |

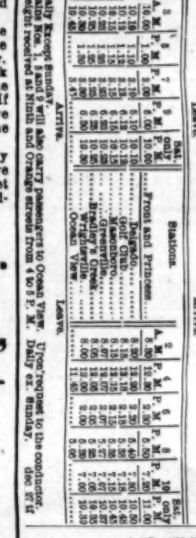
| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Lv Hamlet | 10.35 p m | 8.45 a m | 12.49 a m | |
| Ar Raleigh | 1.15 a m | 11.45 a m | 3.38 a m | |
| Ar Norfina | 3.18 a m | 1.38 p m | | |
| Ar Petersburg | 4.19 p m | 4.19 p m | | |
| Ar Richmond | 6.10 a m | 4.55 p m | 6.40 a m | |
| Ar Washington | 9.45 a m | 8.35 p m | 10.10 a m | |
| Ar Baltimore | 10.54 a m | 11.38 p m | 11.34 a m | |
| Ar New York | 3.18 p m | 6.36 a m | 4.15 p m | |

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

jan 13 tf

READ DOWN.

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AS WELL AS THOSE IN

## Pennsylvania and Delaware

AND THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES,

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THE SUN'S market reports and commercial columns are complete and reliable, and put the farmer, the merchant and the broker in touch with the markets of Baltimore, Norfolk, Charleston, New York, Chicago, Philadelphia and all other important points in the United States and other countries.

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A. S. ABELL COMPANY,
Publishers and Proprietors.
jan 23 3t Baltimore, Md.



## Maxton Building and Loan Association,

MAXTON N. C

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, MAXTON.
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J B. WEATHERLY, MAXTON.
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M. G. MCKENZIE, MAXTON.

Initiation fee, 25 cents per share. Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per share.

The management is prudent and economical as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred

D. CROOM President.


# ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect Jan. 11, 1903.

NORTHBOUND.

| | No. 48 | No. 40 |
|---|---|---|
| Lv Wilmington | 9 30 a m | 7.00 p m |
| Ar Goldsboro | 12.31 p m | 9.35 p m |
| Ar Wilson | 1.18 p m | 10.40 p m |
| Ar Rocky Mount | 1.56 p m | 11.35 p m |
| Ar Norfolk | 5.55 p m | |
| Ar Weldon | 4.55 p m | 1.45 a m |
| Ar Petersburg | 6.58 p m | 3.25 a m |
| Ar Richmond | 7.45 p m | 4.07 a m |
| Ar Washington | 11.40 p m | 7.54 a m |
| Ar Baltimore | 1.38 a m | 9.10 a m |
| Ar Philadelphia | 4.05 a m | 11.35 a m |
| Ar New York | 7.15 a m | 2.00 p m |

SOUTHBOUND.

| | No. 141 | No. 49 |
|---|---|---|
| Lv New York | 9.55 a m | 9.30 p m |
| Ar Philadelphia | 11.30 a m | 10.10 a m |
| Ar Baltimore | 1.44 p m | 9.07 a m |
| Ar Washington | 3.50 p m | 3.45 a m |
| Ar Norfolk | | 9.00 a m |
| Ar Richmond | 6.56 p m | 6.30 a m |
| Ar Petersburg | 7.58 p m | 9.12 a m |
| Ar Weldon | 9.04 p m | 11.28 a m |
| Ar Rocky Mount | 10.07 p m | 12.50 p m |
| Ar Wilson | 10.45 p m | 1.46 p m |
| Ar Goldsboro | 7.16 a m | 2.50 p m |
| Ar Wilmington | 10.10 a m | 5.45 p m |

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

SOUTHBOUND.

| | Daily Ex. Sunday. | Daily. | Daily. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Lv Wilmington | 6.00 a m | 3.45 p m | 7.00 p m |
| Ar Florence | 9.25 a m | 7.30 p m | 9.55 a m‡ |
| Ar Charleston | 1.10 p m | 11.15 p m | 2.45 a m |
| Ar Savannah | 6.35 p m | 3.00 a m | 7.55 a m |
| Ar Jacksonville | | 9.00 a m | 12.45 p m |
| Ar Tampa | | 7.00 p m | 10.00 p m |

NORTHBOUND.

| | Daily Ex. Sunday. | Daily. |
|---|---|---|
| Lv Tampa | 8.00 p m | 9.30 a m |
| Ar Jacksonville | 7.30 a m | 7.00 p m |
| Ar Savannah | 1.10 p m | 1.15 a m |
| Ar Charleston | 5.15 p m | 6.25 a m |
| Ar Florence | 8.00 p m | 9.45 a m |
| Ar Wilmington | 11.45 p m | 1.40 p m |

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

| | West Bound Daily. | East Bound Daily |
|---|---|---|
| Lv Wilmington | 9.10 a m | Ar. 6.00 p m |
| Ar Fayetteville | 12.20 p m | Ar. 3.00 p m |
| Ar Sanford | 1 50 p m | Lv. 2.45 p m |

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND NEWBERN.

| | North Bound Daily ex Sunday. | South Bound Daily ex Sunday. |
|---|---|---|
| Lv Wilmington | 2.32 p m | Ar. 12.08 p m |
| Ar Newbern | 5.40 p m | Lv. 9.00 a m |

‡Via Wilson.

Trains Nos. 40 and 41 carry Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with Penna R. R. for all points east.

W. J. CRAIG,
Gen'l Passenger Agent

R. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
jy 31 tf


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Both papers together, $


Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 14.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

| GOING EAST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive | Pass'g'r Trains Leave | STATIONS | GOING WEST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive | Pass'g'r Trains Leave |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| P. M. | P. M. | | A. M. | A. M. |
| ..... | 4 40 | Goldsboro | 11 00 | ..... |
| ..... | 4 48 | Kinston | 10 19 | ..... |
| 5 40 | 5 50 | Newbern | 9 07 | 9 00 |
| 7 00 | 7 07 | Morehead City | 7 07 | 7 07 |
| P. M. | P. M. | | A. M. | A. M. |

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.48 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 5 connects with Southern Railway train arriving at Goldsboro 4.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 4.50 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 22 tf R. L. DILL, Sup't


# The Clyde Steamship Co

## New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines

From New York for Wilmington.

CARIB ..... Saturday, Jan. 31
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, Feb. 7

From Wilmington for New York.

CARIB ..... Tuesday, Jan. 27
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, Jan. 31

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

ONEIDA ..... Tuesday, Jan. 27
CARIB ..... Tuesday, Feb. 3

Steamship Carib has good passenger accommodation.

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight and passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.
Wilmington, N. C
THEO. G. EGER, General Manager,
19 State street, New York
jan 24 tf

# Fancy Fruits!

Grape Fruit,
Pineapples,
Pears, Grapes,
FLORIDA ORANGES,
Bananas and King Apples.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.

Bell 'Phone 680. jan 24 tf

# The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING JANUARY 30.


## PROCEEDINGS IN THE SENATE AND HOUSE.

**Speeches in Opposition to the Omnibus Statehood Bill—Appropriation Bills in the House—Trust Question.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The Senate proceedings to-day were unmarked by any lively debates such as occurred yesterday. Mr. McLaurin, of Mississippi, urged the adoption of the Rawlin's resolution, calling on the Secretary of War for the evidence in court martial cases in the Philippines, on the ground that officers of the army in a number of instances had brutally treated Filipino men and women, and he wanted them weeded out of the army.

Mr. Lodge concluded his remarks in opposition to the Omnibus Statehood bill, and Mr. Bard, of California, also spoke in opposition to it.

The Senate then adjourned until to-morrow.

**House of Representatives.**

The House to-day passed the Indian Appropriation bill and began consideration of the Postoffice Appropriation bill. Mr. Burton, Republican, of Ohio, continued his criticism of the extravagance of the items in the Indian bill to the end, but his three days' attack on the bill was not productive of many reductions. Mr. Patterson, Democrat, of Tennessee, took advantage of the latitude allowed in general debate on the Postoffice bill to make a set speech of an hour and a half on the trust question. Mr. Reid, Democrat, of Arkansas, spoke on good roads.

Messrs. Hepburn of Iowa, Mann of Illinois, and Richardson of Alabama, were named as conferees on the Department of Commerce bill just as the House adjourned.

## TROLLEY CAR ACCIDENT.

**A Score of Passengers Injured, Some Seriously, and Two Cars Completely Destroyed by Fire.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PITTSBURG, January 29.—One of the worst wrecks the Pittsburg Railways Traction Company has experienced since its organization occurred tonight. A score of passengers were injured and two cars were completely destroyed. Traffic was stopped for several hours. Eight victims are in the hospital, the others were taken to their homes. Thomas B. Davis, of Pittsburg, was perhaps fatally hurt, his injuries being internal. Seven others were badly injured.

A car on the Homestead branch was on its way to Pittsburg, and just as it passed Foward avenue, it struck a huckster's wagon. After going some distance, it backed up the hill to see what damage had been done. Just then it was met by a second car coming down the hill at a terrific pace. When the collision occurred the trolley wires were crossed, causing a fire which completely consumed both cars in the wreck. Fortunately all of the injured passengers were taken out before the flames reached them.

## SOUTHERN PACIFIC DISASTER.

**Believed That Fatalities Will Number Not Less Than Thirty-five.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TUCSON, ARIZ., Jan. 29.—The coroner's jury, empanelled to-day by Coroner Culver, viewed the remains of fourteen victims of yesterday's disaster on the Southern Pacific station. The list of dead is now placed at twenty-four. Identification was difficult and the body of J. M. Hilton was the only one identified with certainty. Other bodies are being taken from the ruins. It was stated that the four colored porters of the dining car are missing, not having been seen since the disaster. The total number of dead thus far reported is twenty-four and it is now believed that the fatalities will number not less than thirty-five. The total injured as far as heard from number forty-seven.

## PICKED UP AT SEA.

**Survivors of the British Barque Veronica Charged With Mutiny and Murder.**

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, January 29.—The British steamer Brunswick, Captain Brown, from Maranham, Brazil, via Funchal, Island of Maderia, arrived here to day and landed five survivors of the British barque Veronica, Captain Shaw, from Ship Island, Miss., October 6th, from Montevideo, who were picked up at sea by the Brunswick before arriving at Funchal. The men reported that the Veronica was burned at sea December 20th, but the police detained four of them on suspicion of having mutinied and murdered Captain Shaw and seven of the crew of the Veronica, after which they are alleged to have set fire to the ship.

## WHOLESALE POISONING.

**A Family in Louisville, Ky., Seriously Ill from Drinking Drugged Coffee.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Jan. 29.—As a result of having drank coffee containing a poisonous drug administered by some one whose object according to the members of the family was wholesale murder, Mrs. Nannie Birch, Mrs. Laure Feaman, her daughter; Mrs. Birch Cooper and granddaughter; two guests, Mrs. Emma Ware, of Louisville, and Miss Frank Oanon, of Owensboro, together with Rachael Davis, a colored girl, are ill at the residence of Mrs. Birch, east of this city. Mrs. Birch and Mrs. Feaman are not expected to live.


**Wonderful Nerve.**

Is displayed by many a man enduring pains of accidental Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Sore Feet or Stiff Joints. But there's no need for it. Bucklen's Arnica Salve will kill the pain and cure the trouble. It's the best Salve on earth for Piles, too. Only 25c at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

**CASTORIA**

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.


## EDUCATIONAL WORK ON LARGE SCALE.

**General Education Board Recently Chartered by Congress Organized.**

**IN AID OF RURAL SCHOOLS.**

**One of Its Main Objects the Promotion of Free Schools in the South—A Million Dollars Subscribed by Mr. John D. Rockefeller, Sr.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The General Education Board, recently chartered by Congress for the promotion of educational work in the United States, organized here to-day. The board consists of W. H. Baldwin, Jr., Wallace Buttrick, J. L. M. Curry, Frederick T. Gates, Daniel C. Gilman, Morris K. Jessup, Robert C. Ogden, Walter H. Hage, George F. Peabody, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and Albert Shaw. Mr. Baldwin was elected chairman, Mr. Peabody treasurer, and Mr. Buttrick secretary and executive officer. The business offices of the board will be at No. 116 Nassau street, New York city.

One of its main objects is the promotion of rural free schools in the Southern States, although the charter contemplates educational work in all parts of the United States. Pending the granting of the charter, the board has been at work for a year under articles of association. At the beginning of its work "a generous friend," as stated by the board, subscribed $100,000 a year for a period of ten years, which sum, the board says, has enabled the demonstration of the possibility of effective work and the practicability of philanthropic co-operation with the public authorities. It developed to-day that this donor was Mr. Rockefeller. Other sums of money, smaller in amount, also have been received. A recent report that vast sums of money are to be placed at the disposal of the board is announced officially to be absolutely without foundation. The board to-day issued the following announcement:

"In developing its constructive programme to aid rural schools, the board had counselled with State and county school authorities. State superintendents of public instruction in Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Alabama and Louisiana have held conferences of all their county superintendents at which the executive officer of the general education board has been a most welcome guest. He has accepted an invitation to meet the county superintendents of Florida at Gainesville in that State next week. The knowledge thus acquired and the relations established, have convinced the board that the opportunities are now at hand for wise and prudent investment of large sums of money to forward the education of all the people throughout the Southern States. The fact is demonstrated that no wiser or more patriotic opportunity for philanthropy is before the people of the United States.

"The board is now organized to receive funds designated for the further prosecution of the work begun, to act as trustee for the holding and investment of funds designated for the benefit of institutions of learning, and to pay over the annual income of such funds under the tearms of the trust, to see that the funds given conditionally to institutions through the board are disbursed in strict accordance with the conditions. Funds held by the general education board are free of taxation.

**Peabody Education Fund.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The board of trustees of the Peabody Education Fund held a special meeting in this city to-day for the purpose of formulating a plan by which the work of the board and that of the general edution board, which is working along the same lines, shall not be duplicated.

The general subject of education in the South was discussed. The most important action taken was the adoption of the following resolution:

"That in the opinion of the board of trustees the fund in its hands, or a portion of the income thereof, should be applied, so far as legal and practicable, to the establishment and maintenance of a teachers' college, to be called the Peabody college for teachers, at such point in the Southern States as may be appointed by the chair, who is hereby directed to confer with any other boards or persons interested in the subject matter and to report at the next meeting of the board a plan for carrying into effect the purpose and object above stated, and that the committee be authorized to call to their aid such specialists as may by them be deemed necessary."

The following persons were appointed as the committee:

Dr. Gilman, ex-Secretary of State Olney, Senator Hoar, J. H. Morgan and ex-Secretary of the Interior Hoke Smith.

The Peabody fund capital is now $3,100,000. To-day's proceedings show that a final distribution of the Peabody fund is now in contemplation, although such final winding up of affairs will require some years for consummation. No definite plan of action was formulated, and it will be in the neighborhood of a year before a final and satisfactory basis can be agreed upon.

The committee appointed under the resolution regarding co-operation late this afternoon conferred with a committee from the General Education Board, consisting of Robert C. Ogden of New York, George Foster Peabody of New York and William H. Baldwin, Jr., of New York. At this conference the subject of education in the South was generally discussed and methods of avoidance of duplication of work by the two bodies were talked over, but no definite line of action was formulated. The next meeting of the board will be the annual session to be held in New York in October. Chief Justice Fuller presided at to-day's session and Dr. Samuel A. Green, of Boston, was secretary.

## IN A DENSE FOG.

**Steamer Bay Ridge Sunk by a Tug in New York Bay.**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—A fog of great density settled over New York bay today. It caused a collision between a railroad tug, "New York Central No. 6," and the Liberty Island boat Bay Ridge. The tug was rounding the Battery and struck the Bay Ridge at her pier. A big hole forward of the cabin and below the water line was made. The Bay Ridge at once sank. Nobody was hurt. A number of ocean liners were detained outside by the fog.


Anway's Croup Syrup is the only certain and safe cure for Croup, Coughs and Colds in babies. It is pleasant to give and must not be confounded with the cure all cough, remedies. Anways is for babies. 25 cts. at Robt. R. Bellamy's. †


## SEEKING CO-OPERATION OF THE UNITED STATES.

**Mexico and China Want to Restore and Maintain Fixed Relationship Between Gold and Silver Using Countries**

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—President Roosevelt to-day sent the following message to Congress:

"I transmit herewith a report from the Secretary of State, with accompanying notes from the Mexican ambassador and the Chinese charge d'affaires, ad interim, which seek the co-operation of the United States in such measures as will tend to restore and maintain a a fixed relationship between the moneys of the gold standard countries and the silver using countries. I recommend that the executive be given sufficient power to lend the support of the United States in such manner and to such degree as he may deem expedient to the purposes of the two governments.

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

The message was referred to the Committee on Finance.

In his communication Secretary Hay says:

"It is not asked that the United States modify its monetary system, and it is distinctly disavowed that any movement is contemplated for the restoration of international bimetallism. The opinion is expressed, however, by the representatives of both governments that consultation between the United States and European Powers having dependencies in the Orient and the independent countries where silver is in general use, may result in the adoption of a monetary system which will prevent the great fluctuations in exchange which now occur in trade with the silver using countries. If such a result can be achieved—and it is pointed out that at least a partial solution has been proposed in the United States in a bill now pending in the Senate in regard to the Philippine islands—great benefits will follow to the trade of the world by making easier the access of the products of the manufacturing nations to the markets of China and the other silver using countries.

"The consideration of this subject may have an important bearing also on the payment of the indemnity due by China to certain European powers and to the United States, by enabling the Chinese empire to put her monetary system upon a basis which will make it possible for her to meet these payments in a manner satisfactory to all the powers."

The memorandum submitted by China and Mexico are practically identical. The Chinese note can be taken as typical of Mexico's. It says that the serious results which are threatened by the recent fluctuations in the value of silver bullion to the commerce, both of gold and silver standard countries, have induced the Chinese imperial government, acting in concert with the Mexican government, to ask the co-operation of the United States in seeking a remedy of these co ditions for the mutual benefit of all concerned. It is pointed out that trade stability between the United States, a gold country, and China, a silver country, is destroyed by a variation of 20 per cent. in one year in the price of silver bullion, as happened last year. The memorandum urges that stability in this respect is as important to gold using as to silver using countries. It shows that the siver using countries imported in 1902, almost exclusively from gold standard countries, goods to the value of $574,625,323, excluding British India and several silver countries in South America which might be brought into an agreement to maintain stability. It is further pointed out that the largest amount of this trade, namely, $196,934,342 went to China. This trade, it is declared, is now threatened with a decline, the limit of which no one can foresee. The heavy indemnity imposed by certain other Powers on the Chinese government has further depressed silver prices and threatens to reduce materially the export trade to China from the United States and Europe. This trade from the United States has increased greatly within twelve years and is now but a slight measure of what it might become with stable currency.

It is distinctly declared that the government of China does not seek the restoration of the free coinage of silver by either the gold or silver-using nations.

## WARM WIRELETS.

John D. Long, former secretary of the navy, lies critically ill at St. Margaret's Hospital, Boston, Mass.

There were five deaths from the plague at Mazatlan, Mex., yesterday. The burning of infected houses continues.

John T. McDonough, formerly secretary of state of New York, has accepted the appointment of Justice of the Supreme Court of the Philippines.

The Senate yesterday passed the House bill appropriating $5,000 for the first Baptist church of Cartersville, Ga., destroyed during the civil war by United States troops.

Major Edward F. Glenn of the Fifth Infantry, who was tried by court martial in Manila on the charge of unlawfully killing prisoners of war, has been acquitted.

Levy Ankeny, the millionaire banker and farmer of Wallla-Walla, was elected United States Senator in joint session of the Washington Legislature, to succeed George Turner.

At Bald Knob, Ark., yesterday, the postoffice safe was blown open and robbed of funds amounting to $1,000. A reward of $350 for the apprehension and conviction of the robbers has been offered.

J. H. Bowman, city marshal at Punta Gorda, Fla., while sitting in his front room last night, was shot by an unknown party from the street. Nine buckshot entered his head. He died instantly. He leaves a widow and four children.

Four men were killed, one fatally and three others seriously injured and a half score others more or less severely hurt in an explosion which covered a large section of the Eckart Packing Company's plant at Fort Wayne, Ind., yesterday.

Professor Herman Weedon, of Indianapolis, an animal trainer, was attacked by a tiger during a performance at Richmond, Va., and seriously injured. One of his arms was terribly lacerated and a great piece was torn out of one side of his face.

Sumner J. Collins, of Chicago, formerly general superintendent of the Wisconsin Central, has been appointed general superintendent of the Eastern district of the Southern Railway, to take effect February 1st. He succeeds Joseph H. Sands resigned.

The Senate Committee on Commerce yesterday considered at some length the nomination of Dr. W. D. Crum, colored, to be collector of the port at Charleston, S. C, but postponed action until another meeting.

Thomas Lynch, a resident of Brooklyn, N. Y., stabbed James Golden to death yesterday in Brooklyn. The men quarreled over the conviction of Colonel Lynch on the charge of treason. Lynch was arrested. Golden was an Englishman.

## WILL NOT ACCEPT BOWEN'S PROPOSAL

**Allies Insist Upon Preferential Treatment for Themselves in Settlement of Claims.**

**A HITCH IN NEGOTIATIONS.**

**Should Venezuela Demur or Complications Arise from Protest by Some of the Other Powers Negotiations May Be Indefinitely Prolonged.**

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—Great Britain, Germany and Italy have sent a joint reply to Minister Bowen, refusing to accept the proposal that all the countries having claims against Venezuela should be placed on an equality with the three co-operating Powers.

Venezuela's answer to the Powers' latest communication (the joint note refusing to place on an equality with those of the co-operating Powers) is expected to arrive here to-morrow. If Mr. Bowen can agree to give preference to the claims of Great Britain, Germany and Italy, the blockade is likely to be raised at once, so far as known. This is the only outstanding vital point. Should Venezuela demur or complications arise, such as a protest from some of the other Powers, the negotiations may be indefinitely prolonged. Authoritative opinion here differs regarding the outcome. The German officials adhere to the belief that when President Castro sees that the three Powers are so completely unanimous and insistent upon preference, he will agree to it. The British Foreign Office adopts a non-commital attitude, not altogether without a pessimistic trend. All, however, unite in a declaring that after all the expense and trouble of blockade their claims would not be equitably treated if they were put on the same basis as those of nations who have not taken steps to recover their debts or re-establish their prestige in Venezuela.

**Perilously Near a Breach.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—There was a pause in the Venezuelan negotiations that approached perilously near a breach, and the end is not yet in sight. It grows out of the attitude of the allies in insisting upon preferential treatment for themselves in the settlement of their claims. As foreshadowed in the London dispatches, Mr. Bowen has been informed of the decision of the allies to insist upon adhering to this claim, and he has come to a stand in his work for the moment. For half an hour he was in consultation with Secretary Hay at the State Department to-day, though the secretary is taking no part in the negotiations in any of ficial way. Mr. Bowen is believed to have taken steps to acquaint President Castro with the demands of the allies, assuming that these demands exceed, in spirit at least, the concessions that Mr. Bowen expected to make. Possibly fresh and enlarged powers will be necessary to enable him to meet the demands.

**Situation Discussed by Senate Committee.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Venezuelan situation and especially the attitude of Germany was discussed by the Senate Committee on Military Affairs to-day and the situation influenced the committee on some matters pertaining to the Army Appropriation bill, among which was the decision to accept the House provision relating to transports so that they would be retained in the service.

The committee also provided for an increase of electricians, skilled gunners, machinists and sergeants and others who take care of and handle guns in the seacoast defences.

Some other additions were made in the bill with a view of improving the service. The discussion was general and earnest and the conclusion reached, as stated by a member of the committee, was that the United States should make it plain that the honor and dignity of the country would be maintained and that Germany should not be allowed to "bluff" the government by any attitude she might assume.

**Bowen Will Not Modify Demands.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The Venezuelan situation to-night is still very uncertain and officials are awaiting with some concern the developments of the next forty-eight hours. No final answer has come to Minister Bowen's proposition offering a guaranty, as demanded by the allies as a preliminary to the raising of the blockade.

The contention of the three allies that they shall be given preferential treatment in the settlement of their claims is the point on which the negotiations now hang fire. Minister Bowen is insistent that the allies shall not have preferential treatment. It is known that he has declined to modify his demands in this respect.

Minister Bowen continues hopeful of a favorable answer to his proposition. Up to a late hour to-night the allies' representatives had received no answer from their governments, and there was no occasion for them to see Mr. Bowen.

It is learned that on the second day after his arrival here Minister Bowen informed the French diplomatic representative in Washington that the French claims would be treated on the same basis as claims of the allies and would be taken up after the blockade was raised. Relying on this assurance the French government has remained inactive, but it is stated that should the allied powers be granted preferential treatment France would take steps at once to protect her Venesuelan interests and would make representations on the subject to the Foreign Offices at London, Berlin and Rome.

## AFFAIRS IN MOROCCO.

**Pretender to the Throne Said to Have Been Repulsed—Rumors of a Great Battle.**

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, Jan. 29.—A dispatch to the *Imparcial* from Tangier announces that Bu Hamara, the pretender to the throne of Morocco, has been repulsed and is retreating rapidly.

Continued and conflicting rumors of a great battle outside Fez are current in Tangier.

The Spanish cruiser Rio de LaPlata has arrived at Melilla.

The President and Mrs. Roosevelt entertained at dinner at the White House last night in honor of the Supreme Court. There were a large number of guests, including in addition to the justices, members of the Senate and House Committees on the Judiciary. Among them were Senators Pritchard, John T. McLaurin and Clay, and Representative and Mrs. J. D. Richardson.


**For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.**

For sale by J. C. Shepard. 9 28


**Seeing the Beautiful.**

Franklin tells a story of a man whose two legs were very unlike—one handsomely turned, the other deformed. Whenever any one who visited him looked at the ugly leg and commented on it, he held the man to be looking for the bad side of things and folk. But if the visitor saw his handsome limb and commented on its beauty he held the fellow to be worth esteem, for he looked at the good side of things and probably would see the best in his neighbors and friends. Is it easier to see pther people's virtues than their faults? I have at last come to see that folk are far better that they get credit for being.

When Carlyle and Emerson walked London and saw the horror of gin palaces and the miseries of poverty, the former said, "What do you think now of the Saxon stock?" Emerson answered, "The more I see of the English people the more I admire their power and wonder at their progress."

**A Department Story.**

It was during the Spanish-American war. A wealthy merchant, who had left his business to offer his services to his country, was pacing up and down on picket duty one dark night. Suddenly he detected sounds of approaching footsteps and, quickly bringing his gun in position, commanded in a sonorous voice:

"Give the countersign!"

The person challenged proved to be an enlisted dry goods clerk formerly employed by the merchant before the war broke out. As their eyes met a smile played around the corners of the clerk's mouth, and he answered in a low whisper:

"Cash!"

Then the merchant, bringing his piece to a right shoulder, let him pass and resumed his pacing.—Lippincott's.

**The Blue of Sapphires.**

Star sapphires are generally of a grayish blue tint, and the star is exhibited in its greatest perfection when looked at by the light of the sun or a candle. The sapphire is found of all tints and shades of blue, but the color which approximates to the shade formerly called "bleu du roi" is the most valuable. A really fine sapphire should appear blue by artificial light as well as by day. This stone is found in crystals generally of much larger size than the ruby. The name "sapphire" is perhaps the only one which runs through all languages with very slight alteration—the Hebrew name sapphir, the Chalda saphirnon, the Greek zaffiros, the Latin sapphirus, etc.

**Always Tired.**

Tired Tatters—Here's a piece in dis paper wot's a insult to de profesh.

Weary Walker—Wot's it say?

Tired Tatters—It ses dat a feller prob'ly can't eat nuttin' when he's tired.

Weary Walker—Well, wot's de matter wid dat item?

Tired Tatters—Wot's de matter wid it? Say, do youse want er feller ter starve ter death?—Exchange.

**A Puzzled Youngster.**

Harry is the youngest of the family, the only boy among several girls, and sometimes the superior advantages of girls seem to weigh heavily on his youthful mind. The other day we heard him say thoughtfully to himself: "Women always first. I wonder why God didn't make 'em first, but he didn't. He made Adam first."

## BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

**At Less Than Cost**—Gas heaters and gas radiators. Consolidated Railways, Light and Power Co. jan 30 1t

**For Rent**—A good drug store and a complete set of drug fixtures for rent or sale cheap. northwest corner Fifth and Castle streets. Apply to J. G. Wright & Son. jan 30 3t

**To Exchange**—I have a fine deer dog which I wish to exchange for a first-class opossum and coon dog. Address, John G. Wagner, care F. W. Ortmann, Wilmington, N. C. jan 30 1t

**Call at Winstead's** for all kinds of foreign and domestic fruit; Bananas a specialty. No. 213 Market and 215 North Front street. Bell Phones 203 and 637. oc 29 tf

**Sewing Machines**, Typewriters, Organs and Furniture repaired, cleaned and revarnished; Upholstering done also. H. J. Grunman's headquarters for Wall Paper. J. S. Farrar, No. 814 North Second street. my 16 tf


**Seed Potatoes**

JANUARY ARRIVAL.

EARLY ROSE,

WHITE BLISS,

POLARIS, BOVEE.

All early varieties and adapted to this soil and climate.

**Spring Oats, Wheat.**

Book your orders.

**THE WORTH CO.,**

jan 9 tf Wilmington, N. C.

**New and Popular Novels**

The Wooing of Wistaria.
The Intrusions of Peggy.
The Blue Flower.
The Little White Bird.
The Kiss of Glory.
The Room with the Little Door.
Letters of a Self-Made Merchant to His Son.
Donovan Pasha, Capt. Macklin, Cecilia, The Pit.

We sell all $1.50 Books for $1.25.

**ROBERT C. DeROSSET,**

The Stationer,

5 tf 107 Market St.

**Family Groceries.**

FINE DRESSED

**Turkeys, Chickens and Eggs.**

All kinds of choice Family Groceries.

Cheapest Grocery in the city.

**C. O. ALEXANDER.**

No. 15 North Second St.

jan 3 tf

**ATLANTIC COAST LINE.**

**LOW ROUND TRIP**

**Rates From Wilmington**

Mardi-Gras, New Orleans, La., Feb. 18th 24th, 1903. Dates of sale Feb. 17th to 23rd, inclusive. Final limit Feb. 28th. Rate, $25.00 By deposit of tickets by original purchasers with Mr. Joseph Richardson, special agent, New Orleans, not earlier than Feb. 18th nor later than Feb. 28th and upon payment of fee of 50 cts. per ticket at time of deposit an extension of the final limit to a date not later than March 14th, 1903, may be obtained.

W. J. CRAIG,
Approved: Gen'l Passenger Agent.
H. M. EMERSON,
Traffic Manager.

nov 15 tf

**Begin the New Year**

AND CHEW

**"Showdown" Tobacco.**

**"Showdown" Tobacco.**

**"Showdown" Tobacco**

This brand has quality and is a good seller—handle it and increase your business. We handle all brands well known on the market and are headquarters for Tobaccos and Cigars. None better than

**Cuban Blossom, Renown, Renown Topical Twist Head.**

**VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,**

Distributors for brands of American and Continental Tobacco Co. jan 4 tf

**Douglas Shoes**

A large lot to arrive on next steamer, besides large shipments to follow soon after.

**We did well last year and we expect to make 1903 our "Banner Year."**

The "Cash on Approval Business" is doing the good work, because people find they can save much money on their FOOT WEAR at our store. New Customers tell us so almost daily. A full assortment of other good lines of Shoes always on hand. Don't forget this.

**Mercer & Evans Co.,**

63½ steps. jan 4 tf

**J. W Murchison & Co.,**

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

**HARDWARE,**

No. 109 and 111 North Front St., Wilmington, N. C.

Hardware of every description at the very closest prices. We buy in car load lots and can sell cheaper than those who buy in smaller quantities.

Complete line of Agricultural Implements and Mechanics' Tools. We can sell you from a Tack Hammer to a Steam Engine, and from a Plow Point to the latest improved Farming Machinery.

Fine stock of Cutlery, Guns, Pistols and Sporting Goods. Loaded Shells with Black or Smokeless Powder, Hunting Suits, Game Bags, etc.

Cooking Stoves and Steel Ranges from the largest to the smallest in size as well as price. Tinware, Agate Ware and Wooden Ware. Buckets for the well and domestic purposes. Plows, Harrows, Sweeps, Hoes, shovels and Spades at prices to suit the farmer. Knives and Forks, Cutlery, etc. Cart Axles, Boxes, Collars and Hames, Trace Chains, Back-bands and everything used on a well regulated farm.

jan 5 tf

**FERTILIZER——**

Baugh's Pure Animal Bone Goods.

**Acid Phosphate, Kainit, Nitrate Soda, Muriate Potash, Fish Scrap.**

**HALL & PEARSALL.**

jan 7 tf

**The Only Restaurant,**

**Our Restaurant Has Made a Reputation!**

There are thousands of people in this city who when they think of our Restaurant think of a quiet and cozy place where the food is excellent, the service prompt and the prices moderate. It is now an assured success.

Orders for Plants, Floral Designs, Cut Flowers, Bouquets, &c., filled promptly and at reasonable prices.

CHARLES ANDERSON & CO.

Telephone 719. jan 3 tf

**It is for you to say**

If you know what first class goods are, as to quality and style. After seeing my line call and judge for yourself.

**J. T. BURKE,**

THE JEWELER,

27 South Front St.

dec 13 tf

**Three Specials**

**IN SILKS, EMBROIDERIES, WHITE GOODS.**

**Our White Goods Sale Still Continues.**

**New Goods are arriving daily.**

**Imported Goods**

**FOR SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR.**

A. D. BROWN.

We have the prettiest White goods ever brought to this market for Dresses, Waists, in Linens, White and colored for Suitings, and Applique for trimming them.

English Corded Piques, white and colored.

French Checked basket weaves in black and white.

Dotted Swisses, Dimities in Stripes and Checks. New Persian Lawns figured in all colors.

Handsome Mercerized goods. Brocaded goods almost like Silk in white.

Laces of all the newest designs and insertions.

All-over Laces in white and cream effects. All-over Embroideries to match.

Applique Trimmings, Medallions, Chantelly Insertions, tucked; Mousseline and Lace Insertions.

Scotch Gingahams in wash fabrics, stripes, checks and solid colors, and Braid for trimmings.

New Linens for Suitings and trimmings to match.

A. D. BROWN.

We now have the leading line of Corsets for the coming season: New Mattings, Oilcloths, Shades, Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains of all descriptions. Draperies, Fancy Linens for Tablewear, Chiffon Ruffs for Neckwear; Lace Collars.

Ladies' Skirts, Coats and Furs are still selling below cost.

New Patterns have arrived in Butterickes.

**A. D. BROWN.**

jan 27 tf

*Rehder's Rehder's*

**Great Mid-Winter Clearing Sale,**

**Monday, January 25th, to Saturday, January 31st.**

This year we will combine our Mid-Winter Clearing Sale with our usual Remnant Sale, making it one of the greatest sales of our business. All short lengths will be sold at about one-half off the regular price. Everything else will go at about one quarter off.

All prices this week are strictly cash. No such bargains have been offered here before.

**J. H. REHDER & CO.,**

615, 617 and 619 North Fourth Street,

Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and over. jan 25 tf

**WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.**

"District Agents" for the

**"CLARKS CUTAWAY DISC HARROWS,"**

**One of the greatest labor-saving machines known, and such work as it does cannot be done by any other machine made.**

In a few days will show one of the largest and finest lines of American and English double and single breech Loading Shot Guns ever brought to this market.

sep 17 tf Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

J. S. ARMSTRONG, President. ANDREW MORELAND, Cashier.
J. W. YATES, Assistant Cashier.

**The Atlantic National Bank,**

WILMINGTON, N. C.
Organized 1892.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Capital | $125,000 | DEPOSITS—We want your account. Write to us. | |
| Surplus | 168,000 | LOANS—Made liberally on best terms. | |
| Assets | 2,000,000 | COLLECTIONS—Special facilities of recognized superiority. | |
| | | SAFETY BOXES—Of steel for rent at low rates. | |

jan 29 tf

**MONEY**

**Deposited with us on or before MONDAY, FEBRUARY 2ND, will draw 4 per cent. per annum from that date.**

**WHY NOT MAKE A START TO-DAY?**

**The People's Savings Bank,**

Opposite the Postoffice.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
jan 26 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.

**Special Notice.**

Deposits made at this bank on or before Monday, February 2nd, will draw interest from that date.

With Assets over one million dollars and a surplus of fifty thousand dollars we offer the very best security. All deposits are subject to check without notice. Open an account now.

**The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.,**

108 Princess Street.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
jan 17 tf C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

**Shoe Strings**

FOR

**Shopping Bags.**

**Neckties and Belts.**

Black,
White,
Red,
Green,
Old Gold.

**Solomon's Shoe Store.**

ja 25 tf

**Secure a House!**

I HAVE FOR SALE

Dwellings and Vacant Lots

in any part of the city desired. Cash or time payment to suit buyer. D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent.
jan 8 tf

**OLD NEWSPAPERS.**

**You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit at the STAR OFFICE**

**Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet**

**"THE FAVORITE."**

"The Favorite" Barber Shop is now more attractive than ever. Recent improvements make it more pleasing to the eye, while it still maintains its old reputation for the very best service to its patrons.

GUION & DAVIS,
7 South Front Street
no 29 tf